



FINAL REPORT

APPIN MINE AND WEST CLIFF COLLIERY PARTICULATE MATTER CONTROL BEST PRACTICE POLLUTION REDUCTION PROGRAM

BHP BILLITON ILLAWARRA COAL

ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION LICENCE 2504

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PREPARED FOR: Will Mitry
BHP Billiton Illawarra Coal

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PREPARED BY: G. Laing

APPROVED FOR RELEASE BY: D. Roddis

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Queensland Environment Pty Ltd trading as
PAEHolmes ABN 86 127 101 642

SYDNEY:
Suite 203, Level 2, Building D, 240 Beecroft Road
Epping NSW 2121
Ph: +61 2 9870 0900
Fax: +61 2 9870 0999

PERTH:
Level 18, Central Park Building,
152-158 St Georges Terrace, Perth WA 6000
Ph: +61 8 9288 4522
Fax: +61 8 9288 4400

BRISBANE:
Level 1, La Melba, 59 Melbourne Street, South Brisbane QLD
4101
PO Box 3306, South Brisbane QLD 4101
Ph: +61 7 3004 6400
Fax: +61 7 3844 5858

MELBOURNE:
Suite 62, 63 Turner Street, Port Melbourne VIC 3207
PO Box 23293, Docklands VIC 8012
Ph: +61 3 9681 8551
Fax: +61 3 9681 3408

ADELAIDE:
35 Edward Street, Norwood SA 5067
PO Box 1230, Littlehampton SA 5250
Ph: +61 8 8332 0960
Fax: +61 7 3844 5858

GLADSTONE:
Suite 2, 36 Herbert Street, Gladstone QLD 4680
Ph: +61 7 4972 7313
Fax: +61 7 3844 5858

Email: info@paeholmes.com

Website: www.paeholmes.com

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Appendix A:	Copy of PRP as contained in Endeavour Coal EPL 2504
Appendix B:	Copy of Coal Mine Particulate Matter Control Best Practice – Site Specific Determination Guideline August 2011
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1 INTRODUCTION

Illawarra Coal Holdings Pty Ltd (ICHPL, a wholly owned subsidiary of BHP Billiton Pty Limited) owns and operates, through subsidiary Endeavour Coal Pty Ltd, longwall underground mining operations at their Bulli Seam Operations which includes the sites of Appin Mine and West Cliff Colliery. Coal from these underground operations is processed at the West Cliff Coal Preparation Plant which is located adjacent to the West Cliff Colliery. The operations are referred to collectively as Bulli Seam Operations (BSO) Complex.

The BSO Complex sites are located approximately 25 kilometres north-north-west of Wollongong, New South Wales (NSW), near the town of Appin. The operations are comprised of three pit-tops (West Cliff, Appin East and Appin West) and a processing plant, West Cliff Coal Processing Plant (WCCPP). The mine currently produces approximately 6.1 million tonnes of run of mine (RoM) coal and 4.4 million tonnes per annum (Mtpa) of clean (product) coal, all of which is transported by truck to Port Kembla.

This report has been prepared to comply with condition U1 of the Endeavour Coal Environment Protection Licence (EPL) 2504 (**Appendix A**).

1.1 OEH Best Practice

In 2011 NSW Office of Environment and Heritage (OEH) published the document '*NSW Coal Mining Benchmarking Study: International Best Practice Measures to Prevent and/or Minimise Emissions of Particulate Matter from Coal Mining*' (hereafter referred to as the 'Best Practice Report') (**Donnelly et al., 2011**). As an outcome of the Best Practice Report, OEH developed a Pollution Reduction Program (PRP) to be included in the EPL for each coal mine in NSW.

1.2 PRP Requirements

The PRP requires the Licensee (Endeavour Coal) to conduct a site-specific Best Management Practice (BMP) and to prepare a report on the practicability of implementing measures to reduce emissions of particulate matter (PM). The Licensee must prepare a report which includes, but is not necessarily limited to the following:

- The identification, quantification and justification of the measures that are currently being used to reduce PM emissions.
- The identification, quantification and justification of 'best practice' measures that could be used to minimise PM emissions.
- An evaluation of the practicability of implementing the best practice measures.
- A proposed timeframe for implementing all practicable best practice measures.

The PRP process is based upon the following three metrics:

- Total suspended particulate (TSP)
- Particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of less than 10 μm (PM_{10})
- Particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter of less than 2.5 μm ($\text{PM}_{2.5}$)

In preparing the report the Licensee must refer to the document entitled *Coal Mine Particulate Matter Control Best Practice – Site Specific Determination Guideline* (referred to as the Guideline) (**OEH, 2011**), which details the process to be followed in the PRP (**Appendix B**). It also provides the required content and format of the PRP. **Table 1.1** presents a summary of the Guideline requirements and a reference to the relevant section in this report.

Table 1.1: PRP Guideline requirements and report reference

EPL U1.2	Guideline Requirement	Report Reference
1) Identification, quantification and justification of current measures that are being used to minimise particle emissions	a. Estimate baseline emissions of TSP, PM ₁₀ and PM _{2.5} (tonne per year) from each mining activity using US EPA AP-42 emission estimation techniques for both uncontrolled emissions (with no particulate matter controls in place) and controlled emissions (with current particulate matter controls in place).	Section 2.1 and Section 2.2
	b. Rank the controlled emission estimates for TSP, PM ₁₀ and PM _{2.5} emitted by each mining activity from highest to lowest.	Section 2.3
	c. Identify the top mining activities that contribute the highest emissions of TSP, PM ₁₀ and PM _{2.5} .	Section 2.4
2) Identification, quantification and justification of best practice measures that could be used to minimise particle emissions	a. For each of the top activities identified in Step 1(c) identify the measures that could be implemented to reduce emissions.	Section 3.1
	b. For each of the top activities identified in Step 1(c) estimate emissions of TSP, PM ₁₀ and PM _{2.5} from each mining activity following the application of the measures identified in Step 2 (a).	Section 3.2
3) Evaluation of the practicability of implementing these best practice measures	a. For each of the best practice measures identified in Step 2(a), assess the practicability associated with their implementation, by taking into consideration: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Implementation costs ii. Regulatory requirements iii. Environmental impacts iv. Safety implications and v. Compatibility with current processes and proposed future developments. 	Section 4.1
	b. Identify those best practices that will be implemented at the premises to reduce particle emissions.	Section 4
4) A proposed timeframe for implementing all practicable best practice measures	a. For each of the best practice measures identified as being practicable in step 3(b), provide a timeframe for their implementation.	Section 5

1.3 Overview of Mining Operations

Figure 1.1 shows the layout of the BSO complex, consisting of the following major areas and infrastructure:

- Appin East pit top, where ROM coal is conveyed to the surface into ROM bins and either transported directly by trucks via road to the WCCPP or temporarily stockpiled at the Appin East Stockpile;
- West Cliff Colliery, where ROM coal is transferred by conveyor and winder to the WCCPP.
- Appin West pit top, where workers and equipment are transferred to the underground operation;
- The West Cliff Coal Preparation Plant (WCCPP), which receives, stockpiles and washes coal from the underground operations and loads product coal into trucks for transport to Port Kembla;
- No. 1, No.2 and No. 3 shaft sites;
- Douglas North Substation; and
- No. 6 shaft site (road construction completed, shaft construction not yet commenced).

The potential significant dust sources for the BSO Complex are located at or around the:

- Appin East Pit Top;
- Appin West Pit Top;
- West Cliff Pit Top; and
- WCCPP.

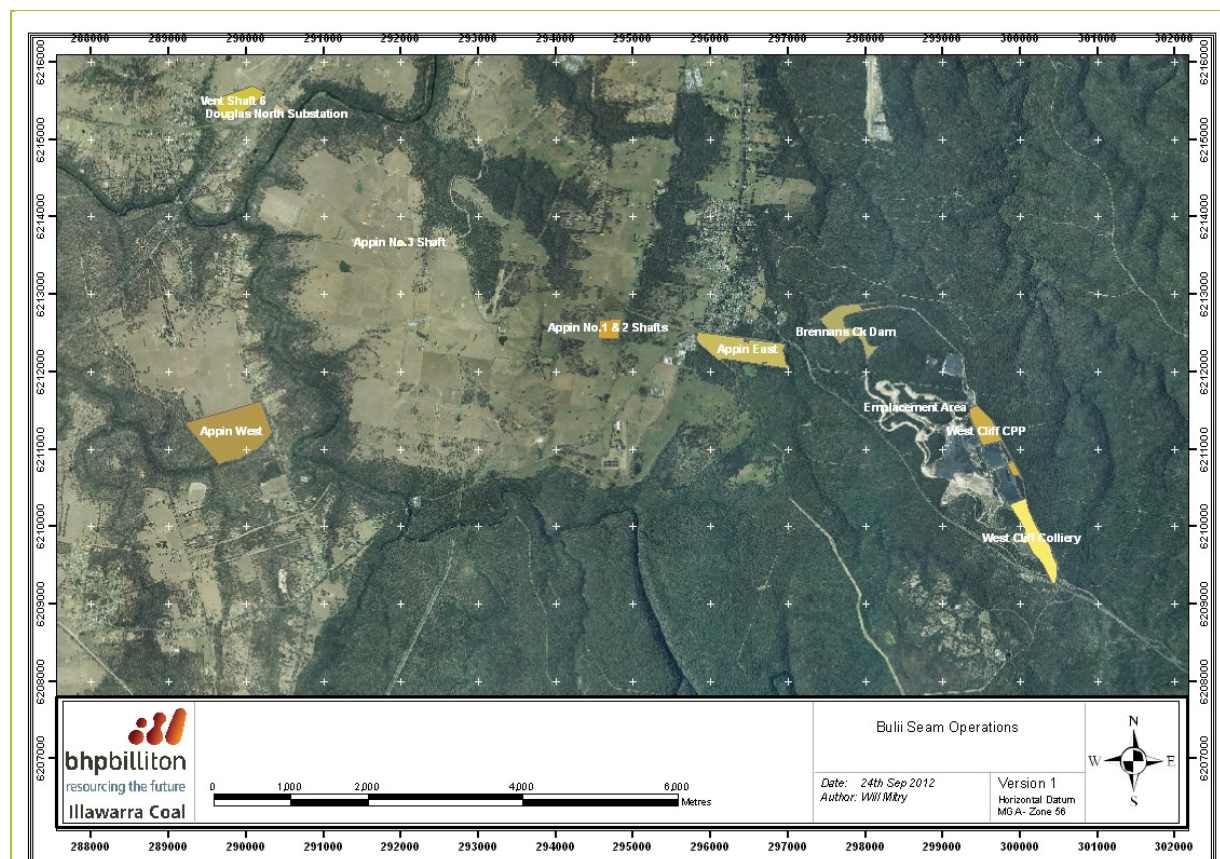


Figure 1.1: Layout of BSO Complex

1.4 Mining activities and associated emission factors

The PRP defines the following mining activities which generate particulate matter (PM):

- Wheel generated particulates on unpaved roads
- Wind erosion of overburden
- Loading and dumping overburden
- Blasting**
- Bulldozing coal
- Trucks unloading overburden
- Bulldozing overburden
- Front-end loaders on overburden
- Wind erosion of exposed areas
- Wind erosion of coal stockpiles
- Unloading from coal stockpiles
- Dragline*
- Trucks unloading coal
- Loading coal stockpiles
- Graders
- Drilling
- Coal crushing
- Material transfer of coal
- Scrapers on overburden*
- Train loading*
- Screening
- Material transfer of overburden

* Activity not undertaken at BSO Mine Complex.

** Blasting only undertaken underground

The relevant emission factors for each of these activities are presented in **Table 1.2. Section 2.1** presents the calculated emissions for the activities relevant to the BSO complex. **Appendix C** details the input parameters for the emission factors, which were sourced from BSO Operators during site visits by PAEHolmes.

Table 1.2: Emission factors for TSP, PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} by mining activity

Mining activity	Units	TSP Emission Factor	PM ₁₀ Emission Factor	PM _{2.5} Emission Factor	Source
Wheel generated particulates on unpaved roads	kg/VKT	$\left(\frac{0.4536}{1.6093}\right) \times 4.9 * \left(\frac{S}{12}\right)^{0.7} \times \left(\frac{W \times 1.1023}{3}\right)^{0.45}$	$\left(\frac{0.4536}{1.6093}\right) \times 1.5 * \left(\frac{S}{12}\right)^{0.9} \times \left(\frac{W \times 1.1023}{3}\right)^{0.45}$	$\left(\frac{0.4536}{1.6093}\right) \times 0.15 * \left(\frac{S}{12}\right)^{0.9} \times \left(\frac{W \times 1.1023}{3}\right)^{0.45}$	AP42 13.2.2
Wind erosion of overburden ^(a)	kg/ha/h	0.1	0.5 x TSP (0.5 from AP42 13.2.5)	0.075 x TSP (0.075 from AP42 13.2.5)	AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-4
Loading and dumping overburden	kg/t	$0.74 \times 0.0016 \times \left(\frac{\left(\frac{U}{2.2}\right)^{1.3}}{\left(\frac{M}{2}\right)^{1.4}}\right)$	$0.35 \times 0.0016 \times \left(\frac{\left(\frac{U}{2.2}\right)^{1.3}}{\left(\frac{M}{2}\right)^{1.4}}\right)$	$0.053 \times 0.0016 \times \left(\frac{\left(\frac{U}{2.2}\right)^{1.3}}{\left(\frac{M}{2}\right)^{1.4}}\right)$	AP42 13.2.4
Blasting	kg/blast	$0.00022 \times A^{1.5}$	0.52 x TSP	0.03 x TSP	AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-2
Bulldozing coal	kg/t	$35.6 \times \frac{S^{1.2}}{M^{1.3}}$	$6.33 \times \frac{S^{1.5}}{M^{1.4}}$	0.022 x TSP	AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-2
Front-end loaders on overburden	kg/t	$2.6 \times \frac{S^{1.2}}{M^{1.3}}$	$0.3375 \times \frac{S^{1.5}}{M^{1.4}}$	0.105 x TSP	AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-2
Wind erosion of exposed areas	kg/ha/h	0.1	0.5 x TSP (0.5 from AP42 13.2.5)	0.075 x TSP (0.075 from AP42 13.2.5)	AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-4
Wind erosion of coal stockpiles	kg/ha/h	1.8 x u	0.5 x TSP (0.5 from AP42 13.2.5)	0.075 x TSP (0.075 from AP42 13.2.5)	AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-2
Unloading from coal stockpiles	kg/t	$\frac{0.580}{M^{1.2}}$	$\frac{0.0447}{M^{0.9}}$	0.019 x TSP	AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-2
Dragline ^{N/A}	kg/bcm	$0.0046 \times \frac{d^{1.1}}{M^{0.3}}$	$0.002175 \times \frac{d^{0.7}}{M^{0.3}}$	0.017 x TSP	AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-2
Trucks unloading coal	kg/t	$\frac{0.580}{M^{1.2}}$	$\frac{0.0447}{M^{0.9}}$	0.019 x TSP	AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-2

Mining activity	Units	TSP Emission Factor	PM ₁₀ Emission Factor	PM _{2.5} Emission Factor	Source
Loading coal stockpiles	kg/t	$0.74 \times 0.0016 \times \left(\frac{U}{2.2} \right)^{1.3} \left(\frac{M}{2} \right)^{1.4}$	$0.35 \times 0.0016 \times \left(\frac{U}{2.2} \right)^{1.3} \left(\frac{M}{2} \right)^{1.4}$	$0.053 \times 0.0016 \times \left(\frac{U}{2.2} \right)^{1.3} \left(\frac{M}{2} \right)^{1.4}$	AP42 13.2.4 (Note: AP42 11.9-7 Table 11.9-4 has train loading emission factor, but footnote directs user to Chapter 13 for more accurate emissions factors)
Graders	kg/VKT	$0.0034 \times S^{2.5}$	$0.00336 \times S^{2.0}$	$0.0001054 \times S^{2.5}$	AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-2
Drilling overburden	kg/hole	0.59	0.52 x TSP (PM ₁₀ ratio assumed same as blasting AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-2)	0.03 x TSP (PM _{2.5} ratio assumed same as blasting AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-2)	AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-4
Drilling coal	kg/hole	0.1	0.52 x TSP	0.03 x TSP	AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-4
Coal crushing	kg/t	0.0027	0.0012	No data	AP42 11.19.2 Table 11.19.2-2
Material transfer of coal	kg/t	$\frac{0.580}{M^{1.2}}$	$\frac{0.0447}{M^{0.9}}$	0.019 x TSP	AP42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-2
Scrapers on overburden	kg/t	0.029 ^(b)	No data	No data	AP-42 11.9.7 Table 11.9-4

Mining activity	Units	TSP Emission Factor	PM ₁₀ Emission Factor	PM _{2.5} Emission Factor	Source
Train loading	kg/t	$0.74 \times 0.0016 \times \left(\frac{U}{2.2} \right)^{1.3} \left(\frac{M}{2} \right)^{1.4}$	$0.35 \times 0.0016 \times \left(\frac{U}{2.2} \right)^{1.3} \left(\frac{M}{2} \right)^{1.4}$	$0.053 \times 0.0016 \times \left(\frac{U}{2.2} \right)^{1.3} \left(\frac{M}{2} \right)^{1.4}$	AP42 13.2.4 (Note: AP42 11.9-7 Table 11.9-4 has default train loading emission factor but footnote directs user to Chapter 13 for more accurate emissions factors.)
Screening	kg/t	0.025	0.0087	No data	AP42 11.19.2 Table 11.19.2-2
Material transfer of overburden	kg/t	$0.74 \times 0.0016 \times \left(\frac{U}{2.2} \right)^{1.3} \left(\frac{M}{2} \right)^{1.4}$	$0.35 \times 0.0016 \times \left(\frac{U}{2.2} \right)^{1.3} \left(\frac{M}{2} \right)^{1.4}$	$0.053 \times 0.0016 \times \left(\frac{U}{2.2} \right)^{1.3} \left(\frac{M}{2} \right)^{1.4}$	AP42 13.2.4

Where:

- A = horizontal area (m²)
- M = material moisture content (%)
- s = material silt content (or surface silt content in unpaved roads) (%)
- u = wind speed (m/s)
- d = drop height (m)
- W = mean vehicle weight (tonnes)
- S = mean vehicle speed (km/h)

1.4.1 Site-specific measurements

1.4.1.1 Haul Road Surface Silt Content

Haul road silt sampling was undertaken by PAEHolmes and analysed by a NATA-accredited laboratory (**SGS, 2012**). Sampling was completed in accordance with the USEPA AP-42 sampling method (**USEPA, 1993**). A summary of these data is included in **Appendix D**. A silt value (defined as material < 75 µm) of 1.01% was determined as an average value in the analysis and used as an input in the emission inventory (**Appendix C**).

1.4.1.2 Coal and Topsoil Silt and Moisture Content

ROM Coal, product coal from both Appin and West Cliff, coal wash and topsoil samples were collected by PAEHolmes and analysed by a NATA-accredited laboratory for silt and moisture contents (**SGS, 2012**). Sampling was completed in accordance with the USEPA AP-42 sampling method (**USEPA, 1993**). A summary of these data is included in **Appendix D**.

Two samples of coal wash were analysed, one from a recently unloaded stockpile and another that had been stockpiled for 2-3 months. The recently unloaded sample was deemed a more representative sample for the moisture content of the coal wash that is being loaded and loaded. These values were used as inputs into the emissions inventory, as shown in **Appendix C**.

1.4.1.3 Moisture of Product Coal

Product coal is continuously sampled for moisture content at the WCCPP by BSO. An average of these values was used as a representative product coal moisture value in the emission inventory (**Appendix C**).

2 CURRENT MEASURES USED TO MINIMISE PARTICLE EMISSIONS

This section provides estimates of particulate matter emissions from all identified activities for the two scenarios: uncontrolled emissions (with no particulate matter controls in place) and controlled emissions (with current particulate matter controls in place).

Emissions were calculated using the relevant USEPA AP-42 emission estimation calculations (see **Table 1.2**) for both uncontrolled emissions and controlled emissions. TSP, PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} emission estimates have been calculated for mining activities that occurred during financial year 2012 (July 2011 – June 2012) at the BSO Complex.

2.1 Estimated Emissions with No Particulate Controls

The total site emissions were calculated from each movement of material and combined into the groupings defined by the PRP. **Table 2.1** gives the total particulate matter (PM) emissions from the site under current conditions without any controls in place.

Table 2.1: Summary of PM emissions with no controls in place

Mining Activity	TSP (t/year)	PM ₁₀ (t/year)	PM _{2.5} (t/year)
Wheel generated particulates on unpaved roads	429	80	8
Trucks unloading overburden	1	1	0
Wind erosion of exposed areas	18	9	1
Wind erosion of coal stockpiles	957	478	72
Unloading from coal stockpiles	39	3	1
Trucks unloading coal	239	33	5
Graders	8	3	0
Material transfer of coal	345	55	8
Material transfer of overburden	1	1	0
Topsoil activities	0	0	0
Total	2,037	663	95

2.2 Estimated Emissions with Current Particulate Controls

Emissions were then recalculated taking into account various control factors for the PM controls in place at the BSO complex. The controls currently implemented are listed in **Table 2.2**. The control factors listed are taken from the Best Practice Report (**Donnelly et al., 2011**). Some of the controls used on site are illustrated in photographs taken during PAEHolmes site inspection (**Figure 2.1** to **Figure 2.4**).

Table 2.2: Current PM control measures implemented at BSO

Mining Activity	Control measure currently in place	Level of control applied
Hauling on unsealed roads	Water carts operating at 2 L/m ² /h ^(b)	50%
Grading roads	Reduced speed to 8 km/h and keep travel routes moist	50%
Hauling (surface treatment)	Paved road (Appin East)	90%
Loading and unloading coal to stockpile	Water sprays on ROM bin or sprays on ROM stockpile	50%
Unloading coal from stockpile to hopper	Water sprays on ROM bin or sprays on ROM stockpile	50%
Unloading ROM directly to hopper	Enclosed dump hopper (3 sides) plus water sprays	70%
Wind erosion of exposed areas	Watering of exposed areas	50%
Wind Erosion From Stockpiles	Water Sprays on Appin East ROM stockpiles	50%

After the application of these control factors to the uncontrolled emission rates, the resulting emissions are shown in **Table 2.3**.

Table 2.3: Summary of PM emissions with current controls in place

Mining Activity	TSP (t/year)	PM ₁₀ (t/year)	PM _{2.5} (t/year)
Wheel generated particulates on unpaved roads*	191	36	4
Trucks unloading overburden	1	1	0
Wind erosion of exposed areas	10	5	1
Wind erosion of coal stockpiles	922	461	69
Unloading from coal stockpiles	39	3	1
Trucks unloading coal	220	30	4
Graders	4	1	0
Material transfer of coal	202	28	4
Material transfer of overburden	1	1	0
Topsoil activities	0	0	0
Total	1,590	566	83

* Some roadways are paved and this is accounted for in a control factor of 90% (**Donnelly et al., 2011**)



Figure 2.1: Water cart operating on unsealed road at WCCPP



Figure 2.2: Watercart operating on unsealed roads at WCCPP



Figure 2.3: Covered conveyor at Appin East Colliery



Figure 2.4: Water sprays operating on the stockpile at Appin East



Figure 2.5: Rehabilitation area at West Cliff Colliery



Figure 2.6: Continuous loading to trucks using clam shell technology

2.3 Ranking of Activities with Current PM Controls

The calculated emissions from the mining activities (controlled) listed in **Table 2.3** were combined into activity groups corresponding to those listed in the OEH Guideline, and ranked from highest to lowest according to total mass. In accordance with the Guideline, the top four ranked activities in terms of emissions of TSP, PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} are shown in bold in **Table 2.4**.

Table 2.4: Ranked activities by mass – controlled emission

Rank	Mining Activity	tonne/year
TSP		
1	Wind erosion of coal stockpiles	922
2	Trucks unloading coal	220
3	Material transfer of coal	202
4	Wheel generated particulates on unpaved roads	191
5	Unloading from coal stockpiles	39
6	Wind erosion of exposed areas	10
7	Graders	4
8	Material transfer of overburden	1
9	Trucks unloading overburden	1
10	Topsoil activities	0
PM₁₀		
1	Wind erosion of coal stockpiles	461
2	Wheel generated particulates on unpaved roads	36
3	Trucks unloading coal	30
4	Material transfer of coal	28
5	Wind erosion of exposed areas	5
6	Unloading from coal stockpiles	3
7	Graders	1
8	Trucks unloading overburden	1
9	Material transfer of overburden	1
10	Topsoil activities	0
PM_{2.5}		
1	Wind erosion of coal stockpiles	69
2	Trucks unloading coal	4
3	Material transfer of coal	4
4	Wheel generated particulates on unpaved roads	4
5	Unloading from coal stockpiles	1
6	Wind erosion of exposed areas	1
7	Graders	0
8	Trucks unloading overburden	0
9	Material transfer of overburden	0
10	Topsoil activities	0

2.4 Highest Ranking PM-Generating Activities

The top four ranked activities according to mass particulate emissions at BSO are therefore:

- Wind erosion of coal stockpiles
- Trucks unloading coal
- Material transfer of coal
- Wheel generated particulates on unpaved roads

3 BEST PRACTICE MEASURES

Section 3.1 summarises the best practice control measures that are available for each of the highest ranking activities identified in **Section 2.4**. An estimation of the emissions through application of these measures is then provided in **Section 3.2**.

3.1 Best Practice Measures for Highest Ranking PM contributors

Table 3.1 to **Table 3.3** summarise the emission control factors for the different control measures that are applicable to the highest ranking activities identified in **Section 2.4**. Both the control measures and the control efficiencies are taken from the Best Practice Report (**Donnelly et al., 2011**). Where implemented, the current control measure adopted by BSO is shown in bold.

3.1.1 Wind erosion of coal stockpiles

Table 3.1: Best practice control measures to reduce PM emissions from coal stockpiles

	Control Measure	Control
Avoidance	Bypass stockpiles*	100% reduction in wind erosion for coal bypassing stockpile
Surface stabilisation	Water spray	50%
	Chemical wetting agents	80-99%
	Surface crusting agent	95%
Enclosure	Silo with bag house	95-100%
	Cover storage pile with a tarp during high winds	99%
Wind speed reduction	Vegetative wind breaks	30%
	Reduce pile height	30%
	Wind screens/wind fences	75-80%
	Erect 3-sided enclosure around storage piles	75%

* A significant proportion of coal from Appin and West Cliff mines avoids being stockpiled through direct feed into the Washery and the use of ROM and product bins at the two sites.

3.1.2 Hauling on unpaved roads

Table 3.2: Best practice control measures to reduce PM emissions from hauling on unpaved roads

	Control Measure	Control
Surface improvements	Pave the surface	90%
	Low silt aggregate	30%
	Oil and double chip surface	80%
Surface treatments	Level 1 watering (up to 2 L/m²/h)	50%
	Level 2 watering (> 2 l/m ² /h)	75%
	Watering grader routes	50%
	Chemical dust suppressants	85%

3.1.3 Trucks unloading coal

No best practice control measures quantified for this activity.

3.1.4 Material transfer of coal

Table 3.3: Best practice control measures to reduce PM emissions from material transfer of coal

		Control Measure	Control
Conveyor and transfers	Conveyors	Application of water at transfers	50%
		Wind shielding - roof or side wall	40%
		Wind shielding - roof AND side wall	70%
		Belt cleaning and spillage minimisation	Not quantified
	Transfers	Enclosure	70%
		Enclosure and fabric filters	-
Stacking and reclaiming product coal	Avoidance	Bypass coal stockpiles*	100%
	Loading coal stockpiles	Variable height stack	25%
		Boom tip water sprays	50%
		Telescopic chute with water sprays	75%
		Total enclosure	-
	Unloading product stockpiles	Bucket wheel, portal or bridge reclaimer with	50%
		Water sprays	-
Wind breaks		-	

* A large proportion of product coal avoids being stockpiled as a result of coal being loaded directly to port from product bins.

3.2 Estimated resultant emissions

This section presents the resultant mass emissions for activities after applying the best practice measures identified in **Section 3.1**. **Table 3.4** presents the result emissions of TSP, PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}.

Table 3.4: TSP emissions applying best practice measures (t/y)

ACTIVITY	Best Practice Control		% Reduction from uncontrolled emission	Best Practice Emissions
Hauling on unpaved roads	Surface improvements	Pave the surface	>90%	< 29
		Low silt aggregate	30%	200
	Surface treatments	Watering (standard procedure)	10-74%	74 - 258
		Watering Level 1 (2 L/m ² /h)	50%	143
		Watering Level 2 (>2 L/m ² /h)	75%	72
		Watering grader routes	50%	143
		Suppressants	84%	46
		Hygroscopic salts	45%-82%	52 - 157
		Lignosulphonates	66-70% (over 23 days)	86 - 94
		Polymer emulsions	70% over 58 days	86
	Tar and bitumen emulsions	70% over 20 days	86	
	Sealed or salt-encrusted	-	286	
	Other	Use of larger vehicles	90t to 220t: 40%	172
140t to 220t; 20%			229	
140t to 360t: 45%			157	
	Conveyors	>95%	14	
Wind erosion - coal stockpiles	Avoidance	Bypassing stockpiles	100%	0
	Surface stabilisation	Water sprays	50%	461
		Chemical wetting agents	80-99%	9 - 184
		Surface crusting agent	95%	46
		Carry over wetting from load in	80%	184
	Enclosure	Silo with bag house	95-100%	46
		Cover storage pile with a tarp during high winds	99%	9
	Wind speed reduction	Vegetative windbreaks	30%	645
		Reduced pile height	30%	645
		Wind screens/fences	75->80%	184 - 230
Conveyor and transfers	Conveyors	Application of water at transfers	50%	102
		Wind shielding - roof or side wall	40%	122
		Wind shielding - roof AND side wall	70%	61
		Belt cleaning and spillage minimisation	Not quantified	-
	Transfers	Enclosure	70%	61
		Enclosure and fabric filters	-	-
Stacking and reclaiming product coal	Avoidance	Bypass coal stockpiles	100%	0
	Loading coal stockpiles	Variable height stack	25%	165
		Boom tip water sprays	50%	110
		Telescopic chute with water sprays	75%	55
		Total enclosure	-	-
	Unloading product stockpiles	Bucket wheel, portal or bridge reclaimer with water application	50%	110
		Water sprays	-	-
		Wind breaks	-	-

Table 3.5: PM10 emissions applying best practice measures (t/y)

ACTIVITY	Best Practice Control		% Reduction from uncontrolled emission	Best Practice Emissions
Hauling on unpaved roads	Surface improvements	Pave the surface	>90%	< 5
		Low silt aggregate	30%	37
	Surface treatments	Watering (standard procedure)	10-74%	14 - 48
		Watering Level 1 (2 L/m ² /h)	50%	27
		Watering Level 2 (>2 L/m ² /h)	75%	13
		Watering grader routes	50%	27
		Suppressants	84%	9
		Hygroscopic salts	45%-82%	10 - 29
		Lignosulphonates	66-70% (over 23 days)	16 - 18
		Polymer emulsions	70% over 58 days	16
	Tar and bitumen emulsions	70% over 20 days	16	
	Sealed or salt-encrusted	-	53	
	Other	Use of larger vehicles	90t to 220t: 40%	32
140t to 220t; 20%			43	
140t to 360t: 45%			29	
	Conveyors	>95%	3	
Wind erosion - coal stockpiles	Avoidance	Bypassing stockpiles	100%	0
	Surface stabilisation	Water sprays	50%	125
		Chemical wetting agents	80-99%	5 - 92
		Surface crusting agent	95%	23
		Carry over wetting from load in	80%	92
	Enclosure	Silo with bag house	95-100%	23
		Cover storage pile with a tarp during high winds	99%	5
	Wind speed reduction	Vegetative windbreaks	30%	323
		Reduced pile height	30%	323
		Wind screens/fences	75->80%	92 - 115
Conveyor and transfers	Conveyors	Application of water at transfers	50%	14
		Wind shielding - roof or side wall	40%	17
		Wind shielding - roof AND side wall	70%	9
		Belt cleaning and spillage minimisation	Not quantified	-
	Transfers	Enclosure	70%	9
		Enclosure and fabric filters	-	-
Stacking and reclaiming product coal	Avoidance	Bypass coal stockpiles	100%	0
	Loading coal stockpiles	Variable height stack	25%	23
		Boom tip water sprays	50%	15
		Telescopic chute with water sprays	75%	8
		Total enclosure	-	-
	Unloading product stockpiles	Bucket wheel, portal or bridge reclaimer with water application	50%	15
		Water sprays	-	-
		Wind breaks	-	-

Table 3.6: PM2.5 mass emissions applying best practice measures (t/y)

ACTIVITY	Best Practice Control		% Reduction from uncontrolled emission	Best Practice Emissions
Hauling on unpaved roads	Surface improvements	Pave the surface	>90%	< 1
		Low silt aggregate	30%	4
	Surface treatments	Watering (standard procedure)	10-74%	1 - 5
		Watering Level 1 (2 L/m ² /h)	50%	3
		Watering Level 2 (>2 L/m ² /h)	75%	1
		Watering grader routes	50%	3
		Suppressants	84%	1
		Hygroscopic salts	45%-82%	1 - 3
		Lignosulphonates	66-70% (over 23 days)	2
		Polymer emulsions	70% over 58 days	2
	Tar and bitumen emulsions	70% over 20 days	2	
	Sealed or salt-encrusted	-	5	
	Other	Use of larger vehicles	90t to 220t: 40%	3
140t to 220t: 20%			4	
140t to 360t: 45%			3	
Conveyors		>95%	0	
Wind erosion - coal stockpiles	Avoidance	Bypassing stockpiles	100%	0
	Surface stabilisation	Water sprays	50%	35
		Chemical wetting agents	80-99%	1 - 14
		Surface crusting agent	95%	3
		Carry over wetting from load in	80%	14
	Enclosure	Silo with bag house	95-100%	3
		Cover storage pile with a tarp during high winds	99%	1
	Wind speed reduction	Vegetative windbreaks	30%	48
		Reduced pile height	30%	48
		Wind screens/fences	75->80%	14 - 17
Conveyor and transfers	Conveyors	Application of water at transfers	50%	2
		Wind shielding - roof or side wall	40%	2
		Wind shielding - roof AND side wall	70%	1
		Belt cleaning and spillage minimisation	Not quantified	-
	Transfers	Enclosure	70%	1
		Enclosure and fabric filters	-	-
Stacking and reclaiming product coal	Avoidance	Bypass coal stockpiles	100%	0
	Loading coal stockpiles	Variable height stack	25%	3
		Boom tip water sprays	50%	2
		Telescopic chute with water sprays	75%	1
		Total enclosure	-	-
	Unloading product stockpiles	Bucket wheel, portal or bridge reclaimer with water application	50%	2
		Water sprays	-	-
		Wind breaks	-	-

3.3 Dust Management Measures

3.3.1 Predictive Meteorology for Dust Management

BSO have produced a dust emission forecast table based on predicted wind speeds and frequencies. These dust forecasts will lead to actions for controls associated with additional water cart and/or chemical suppressant use on haul roads and stockpiles. A daily email and SMS alert will be sent based on forecast wind conditions in the area. **Appendix F** shows an example Appin Wind Forecast from this system.

While the mitigation potential of this management measure cannot be explicitly quantified within the framework of the PRP process, it is anticipated that it will provide significant value in optimising operational dust control at the sites.

3.3.2 Washery Upgrade

An upgrade to the West Cliff Coal Preparation Plant was commissioned in December 2011. These changes will decrease the quantity of RoM coal that is stockpiled by increasing the rate at which coal is processed. The plant has increased from 840t/hour to 1200t/hour with the upgrade.

3.3.3 Dust Suppressant Trials

A number of dust suppressant trials have been undertaken at the BSO. These trials were undertaken to determine the practicability of these controls within the operations. Products trialed to date include:

- Dust Mag (MgCl) – Trial undertaken in 2011
- Dust Guard(MgCl) - Trial undertaken in 2011
- Extreme Dust Control (MgCl + carbohydrate) - Trial undertaken in 2011
- Dust bloc (Bitumen Emulsion) - Trial undertaken in 2012
- Petro tac (Bitumen Emulsion) - Trial undertaken in 2012

Results of the trials have shown mixed results with each product having different application requirements, cost profiles and results in different conditions. Further research into dust suppressant products is being undertaken with future trials of a polymer product planned.



Figure 3.1 Suppressant trial on haul roads at West Cliff

3.3.4 Appin East Dust Control Improvements

Illawarra Coal has focussed on Appin East dust control over the past few years with some significant projects implemented including automated stockpile sprays and the installation of a dual lane truckwash. **Figure 3.2** shows the current dust controls at Appin East. These projects have shown to be successful in lowering the generation of dust from the Appin East Site.

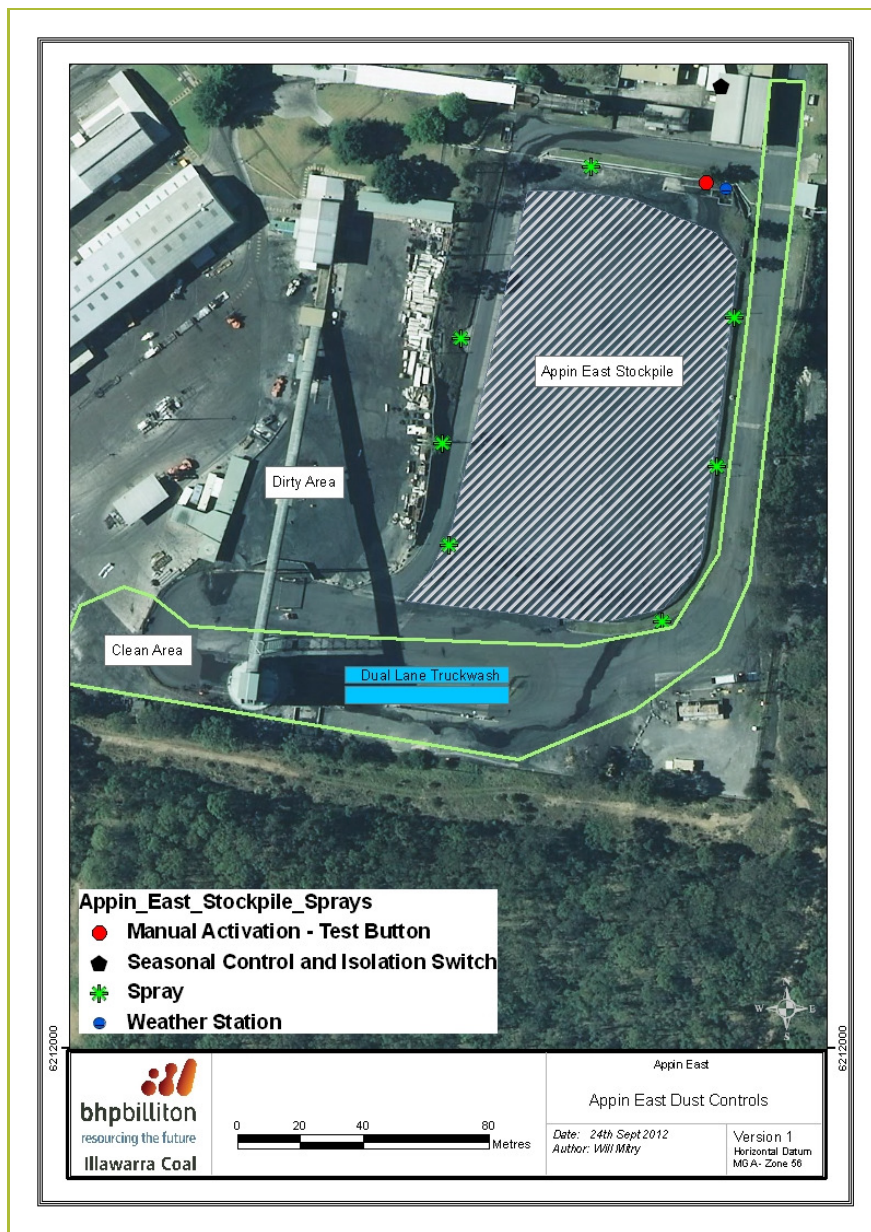


Figure 3.2 Dust Controls at Appin East

3.3.4.1 Stockpile Sprays

The Appin East Stockpile Sprays were upgraded in 2010 to include wind and seasonal activation through an automated PLC system. The Appin East stockpile sprays currently activate on set cycles (summer and winter) throughout the day and night. The summer cycle has increased frequency of spray activation compared to the winter cycle. The PLC is also programmed to activate the sprays in high winds. The sprays will remain on until the wind speeds drop below the set thresholds. At this point the sprays will be activated based on the normal summer or winter cycles. Further improvements to activate only the sprays upwind of the stockpile are being reviewed.



Figure 3.3 Appin East Stockpile Sprays

3.3.4.2 Dual-Lane Truckwash

In 2011 a new dual lane truckwash was installed at Appin East. The truckwash was installed by Fleetwash using their Deluge Heavy Vehicle Wash technology. The high volume of water applied to the wheels over three full rotations ensures the wheels are thoroughly washed before entering the sites clean haul road area, which are all sealed with bitumen. This project has enabled the Appin East site to maintain delineation between clean and dirty areas.



Figure 3.4 Dual lane truckwash at Appin East

3.3.5 Larger Vehicles

Trials have started using larger haulage trucks. This has been identified as a best practice method for the reduction of emissions from haulage activities. The current fleet of haulage trucks is composed of B-Doubles (introduced in 2011) which carry 43 tonne per load and Semi-trailers which carry 28 tonne per truck. The new trial using A-doubles will reduce the number of trucks on the haulage roads as they have a carrying capacity of 55 tonne. This size increase does not provide any additional control for the calculation of dust emissions from haul roads as it falls below the thresholds set in the EPA report.



Figure 3.5 A-Double (55t) preparing to load from the WCCPP product bins

3.3.6 Appin West

Appin West is a low dust generation site because no coal is brought to the surface at this site. Most of the site is sealed or vegetated. One short unsealed road is controlled with water sprays. Dust gauges located on site indicate minimal dust generation from this site.



Figure 3.6 Road Sprays on the unsealed road at Appin West

4 PRACTICABILITY OF IMPLEMENTING BEST PRACTICE MEASURES

This section provides an assessment of the practicability and cost associated with the implementation of each of the best practice measures identified in **Section 3.1**. As outlined in the OEH Guideline, the assessment takes into consideration the following criteria:

- Regulatory requirements
- Environmental impacts
- Safety implications
- Compatibility with current processes and proposed future developments

Measures considered practical on these grounds were taken forward for costing.

4.1 Assessment of practicability

Table 4.1 presents a summary of the practicability assessment for the activities that can potentially be further managed by best practice controls. Those activities which are considered impractical on a regulatory, environmental, safety or compatibility basis were not costed.

Table 4.1: Review of the practicability of best practice measures for West Cliff

Activity	Best Practice Control	Current Assumption of Use (Y or N)	Regulatory Requirements (Y or N)	Environmental Impacts (Y or N)	Safety Implications (Y or N)	Compatibility with current processes and proposed future developments (Y or N)	Practicability (Y or N)	
Hauling on unpaved roads	Surface improvements	Pave the surface	N	N	N	N	Y	Y - Cost and changing routes on emplacement
		Low silt aggregate	N	N	N	N	Y	Y - to investigate
	Surface treatments	Watering (standard procedure)	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y - Current watering rate is between 1 and 2L/sq/hr. BCD water licence limits water usage
		Watering Level 1 (2 l/m ² /h)	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y - Current watering rate is between 1 and 2L/sq/hr. BCD water licence limits water usage
		Watering Level 2 (>2 l/m ² /h)	N	N	N	N	Y	Y - Would require additional water cart resources on full time basis. BCD water licence limits water usage
		Watering grader routes	Y - Best practice measures already in place. Watering hourly on all haul roads @ 1-2L/sqm/hr					
		Watering twice a day for industrial unpaved road	Y - Best practice measures already in place. Watering hourly on all haul roads @ 1-2L/sqm/hr					
		Suppressants	N - Trials undertaken	N	N	N	Y	Y
		Hygroscopic salts	N - Trials undertaken	N	N	N	Y	Y
		Lignosulphonates	N	N	N	N	N	N - not practical on our internal haul roads
		Polymer emulsions	N	N	N	N	Y	Y
		Tar and bitumen emulsions	N - Trials undertaken	N	N	N	Y	Y
	Sealed or salt-encrusted	N	N	Y	N	N	N - Site is located in the Upper Georges River Catchment. No salt allowed on roads	
	Other	Use of larger vehicles	Y - Already using large dump trucks for emplacement.	N	N	N	Y	Y - Already using large dump trucks for emplacement (30t). Trialing 55t A Double for coal haulage

Activity	Best Practice Control	Current Assumption of Use (Y or N)	Regulatory Requirements (Y or N)	Environmental Impacts (Y or N)	Safety Implications (Y or N)	Compatibility with current processes and proposed future developments (Y or N)	Practicability (Y or N)	
		Trialling 90t A Double for coal haulage						
	Conveyors	Y - Conveyors used for West Cliff Rom Coal	N	Y	N	N	N - Conveyor use has already been maximised. Consent does not allow conveyor from Appin East to West Cliff. Not practical to emplacement due to constant change	
Wind erosion - Exposed areas (active pit/active rehab areas) & overburden emplacement areas	Avoidance	Minimise pre-strip	Y - Best Practice measures already in place. Prestrip is minimised to area of active emplacement.					
	Surface stabilisation	Watering	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y - Currently watering exposed areas in the emplacement.
		Chemical suppressants	N	N	N	N	N	N- Emplacement operations frequently changing
		Paving and cleaning	N	N	N	N	N	N
		Application of gravel to stabilise disturbed open areas	N	N	N	N	Y	Y - Already emplacing coal wash which acts like gravel
		Rehabilitation goals	Y - Best practice measures already in place. Maintain exposed areas to 18 hectares					
	Wind speed reduction	Fencing, bunding, shelterbelts or in-pit dump	N	N	N	N	N	N - Too large an area
		Vegetative ground cover	Y - Best practice measures already in place. Progressive rehabilitation of coal wash yearly.					
		Primary rehabilitation	Y - Best practice measures already in place. Progressive rehabilitation of coal wash yearly.					
	Avoidance	Bypassing stockpiles	Y - Best practice measures already in place. ROM coal from West Cliff bypasses stockpiles at maximum possible rate. Only stacked out onto stockpile when Washery is down for maintenance.					
Wind erosion - coal stockpiles	Surface stabilisation	Water sprays	Y water carts used	N	N	N	Y	Y
		Chemical wetting agents	N	N	N	N	Y	Y

Activity	Best Practice Control	Current Assumption of Use (Y or N)	Regulatory Requirements (Y or N)	Environmental Impacts (Y or N)	Safety Implications (Y or N)	Compatibility with current processes and proposed future developments (Y or N)	Practicability (Y or N)		
		Surface crusting agent	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	
	Enclosure	Silo with bag house	N	N	N	Y	N	N - Not practical due to safety implications and size of stockpiles	
		Cover storage pile with a tarp during high winds	N	N	N	N	N	N - Not practical due to size of stockpiles	
	Wind speed reduction	Vegetative windbreaks	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y - Site has vegetative windbreaks for No4 Stockpile.	
		Reduced pile height	Y	N	N	N	Y	N - Stockpile height is minimised as much as practical through building benches in sequence with lower benches completed before higher benches	
		Wind screens/fences	N	N	N	N	N	N - Stockpile areas too large	
		Pile shaping / orientation	N	N	N	Y	N	N- Must use existing stockpile design due to capacity constraints	
		Erect 3-sided enclosure around storage piles	N	N	N	N	Y	N - Stockpile area too large	
	Bulldozers	Minimise travel speed and distance		Y	N	N	N	Y	Y – in place
		Keep travel routes and materials moist		Y	N	N	N	Y	Y – in place
Loading and dumping overburden (Excavators)	Minimising drop height	Reduce from 3m to 1.5 m	NA	N	N	N	N	NA	
Loading and dumping overburden (Trucks)	Minimising drop height	Reduce from 3m to 1.5 m	Y	N	N	N	N	Y	
	Water application		Y	N	N	N	Y	Y - Coal wash has high moisture content from Washery	
	Modify activities in windy conditions		N	N	N	N	N	N - Cannot change activities due to limited pre strip area	

Activity	Best Practice Control		Current Assumption of Use (Y or N)	Regulatory Requirements (Y or N)	Environmental Impacts (Y or N)	Safety Implications (Y or N)	Compatibility with current processes and proposed future developments (Y or N)	Practicability (Y or N)
Unloading trucks	Water sprays		N	N	N	N	N	N - Coal wash has high moisture content from Washery. Very low dust generations
Loading and dumping ROM coal	Avoidance	Bypass ROM stockpiles	Y - Best practice measures already in place. ROM coal from West Cliff bypasses stockpiles at maximum possible rate. Only stacked out onto stockpile when Washery is down for maintenance.					
	Truck or loader dumping ROM coal	Minimise drop height (10 m to 5 m)	Y	N	N	N	N	N
		Water sprays on ROM pad	N	N	Y	N	Y	Y - Review use of sprays. BCD water licence limits water usage
	Truck or loader dumping to ROM bin	Water sprays on ROM bin or sprays on ROM pad	N	N	N	N	Y	NA - No truck loading for West Cliff Coal
		Enclosed dump hopper (3 sides and a roof)	N	N	N	Y	N	N - Flammable range for methane due to gas content of BSO coal
		Enclosed dump hopper (3 sides and a roof) plus water sprays	N	N	N	Y	N	N - Flammable range for methane due to gas content of BSO coal
		Enclosure with control device	N	N	N	Y	N	N - Flammable range for methane due to gas content of BSO coal
Conveyor and transfers	Conveyors	Application of water at transfers	Y - Best practice controls already in place. Water sprays at ROM conveyor transfer points					
		Wind shielding - roof or side wall	Y - Best practice controls already in place - Conveyors have rooves and or sidewalls					
		Wind shielding - roof AND side wall	Y - Best practice controls already in place - Conveyors have rooves and or sidewalls					
		Belt cleaning and spillage minimisation	Y - Best practice controls already in place - belt cleaning routinely undertaken					
	Transfers	Enclosure	Y - Best practice controls already in place - coalwash conveyor fully enclosed					
	Enclosure and fabric filters	N	N	N	N	N	N - Sufficient control already exists at transfers	

Activity	Best Practice Control		Current Assumption of Use (Y or N)				Compatibility with current processes and proposed future developments (Y or N)	Practicability (Y or N)
			Current Assumption of Use (Y or N)	Regulatory Requirements (Y or N)	Environmental Impacts (Y or N)	Safety Implications (Y or N)		
Stacking and reclaiming product coal	Avoidance	Bypass coal stockpiles	Y - Best practice controls already in use. Product coal is delivered to port directly from product bins as much as possible					
	Loading coal stockpiles	Variable height stack	NA	N	N	N	N	NA - no reclaimer at WC
		Boom tip water sprays	N	N	N	N	Y	N - Product Coal has high moisture content already
		Telescopic chute with water sprays	N	N	N	Y	N	N - conveyor is built on the structural limit
		Total enclosure	N	N	N	Y	N	N - too large an area and safety implications
	Reclaim coal	Underground reclaim	N	N	N	Y	N	N - too large an area and safety implications
	Unloading product stockpiles	Bucket wheel, portal or bridge reclaimer with water application	N	N	N	N	N	N - Not practicable due to size of stockpiles
		Water sprays	N	N	N	N	Y	Y - Water cart during loading/unloading of product stockpiles
		Wind breaks	Y - Partial	N	N	N	Y	Y - Berms and vegetation on No3 and No 4 Stockpiles

Table 4.2: Review of the practicability of best practice measures for Appin

Activity	Best Practice Control	Current Assumption of Use (Y or N)	Regulatory Requirements (Y or N)	Environmental Impacts (Y or N)	Safety Implications (Y or N)	Compatibility with current processes and proposed future developments (Y or N)	Practicability (Y or N)	
Hauling on unpaved roads	Surface improvements	Pave the surface	Y - Best practice measures already in place					
		Low silt aggregate	Y - Best practice measures already in place					
		Oil and double chip surface	Y - Best practice measures already in place					
	Surface treatments	Watering (standard procedure)	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Haul roads sealed					
		Watering Level 1 (2 l/m ² /h)	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Haul roads sealed					
		Watering Level 2 (>2 l/m ² /h)	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Haul roads sealed					
		Watering grader routes	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Haul roads sealed					
		Watering twice a day for industrial unpaved road	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Haul roads sealed					
		Suppressants	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Haul roads sealed					
		Hygroscopic salts	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Haul roads sealed					
		Lignosulphonates	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Haul roads sealed					
		Polymer emulsions	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Haul roads sealed					
		Tar and bitumen emulsions	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Haul roads sealed					
	Sealed or salt-encrusted	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Haul roads sealed						
	Other	Use of larger vehicles	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Haul roads sealed					
Conveyors		Y - Best practice measures already in place - Haul roads sealed						
Wind erosion - Exposed areas (active pit/active rehab areas) & overburden emplacement areas	Avoidance	Minimise pre-strip	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Exposed areas controlled with water sprays					
		Watering	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Exposed areas controlled with water sprays					
	Surface stabilisation	Chemical suppressants	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Exposed areas controlled with water sprays					
		Paving and cleaning	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Exposed areas controlled with water sprays					
		Application of gravel to stabilise disturbed open areas	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Exposed areas controlled with water sprays					
		Rehabilitation goals	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Exposed areas controlled with water sprays					
	Wind speed reduction	Fencing, bunding, shelterbelts or in-pit dump	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Exposed areas controlled with water sprays					
		Vegetative ground cover	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Exposed areas controlled with water sprays					
		Primary rehabilitation	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Exposed areas controlled with water sprays					
		Vegetation established but not demonstrated to be self-sustaining. Weed control and grazing control	Y - Best practice measures already in place - Exposed areas controlled with water sprays					
Wind erosion - coal stockpiles	Avoidance	Bypassing stockpiles	Y - Best practice measures already in place. ROM coal from Appin bypasses stockpiles at maximum possible rate. Only stacked out onto stockpile when Washery is down for maintenance. or production is greater than truck availability					
		Water sprays	Y - Best practice measures already in place. Water sprays automated depending on wind conditions.					
	Surface stabilisation	Chemical wetting agents	N	N	N	N	N	N - Not required due to fixed sprays
		Surface crusting agent	N	N	N	N	N	N - Not required due to fixed sprays
	Enclosure	Silo with bag house	N	N	N	N	N	N - Not required due to fixed sprays

Activity	Best Practice Control		Current Assumption of Use (Y or N)	Regulatory Requirements (Y or N)	Environmental Impacts (Y or N)	Safety Implications (Y or N)	Compatibility with current processes and proposed future developments (Y or N)	Practicability (Y or N)
Wind speed reduction		Cover storage pile with a tarp during high winds	N	N	N	Y	N	N - Not required due to fixed sprays
		Vegetative windbreaks	N	N	N	N	N	N - Not required due to fixed sprays
		Reduced pile height	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y - Stockpiles size kept to minimum
		Wind screens/fences	N	N	N	N	Y	N - Not required due to fixed sprays
		Pile shaping / orientation	N	N	N	N	Y	N- Must use existing stockpile design
		Erect 3-sided enclosure around storage piles	N	N	N	Y	N	N - Safety implications with flammable gas range.
Bulldozers	Minimise travel speed and distance							NA
	Keep travel routes and materials moist							NA
Loading and dumping overburden (Excavators)	Minimising drop height	Reduce from 3m to 1.5 m						NA
Loading and dumping overburden (Trucks)	Minimising drop height	Reduce from 3m to 1.5 m						NA
	Water application							NA
	Modify activities in windy conditions							NA
Unloading trucks	Water sprays							NA
Loading and dumping ROM coal	Avoidance	Bypass ROM stockpiles	Y - Best practice measures already in place. ROM coal from Appin bypasses stockpiles at maximum possible rate. Only stacked out onto stockpile when Washery is down for maintenance or production is greater than truck availability.					
	Truck or loader dumping ROM coal	Minimise drop height (10 m to 5 m)	NA - no drop height greater than 5m					
		Water sprays on ROM pad	Y - Best practice measures already in place. Water sprays automated depending on wind conditions and seasonal cycles.					
	Truck or loader dumping to ROM bin	Water sprays on ROM bin or sprays on ROM pad	Y - Best practice measures already in place. Water sprays automated depending on wind conditions and seasonal cycles.					
		Enclosed dump hopper (3 sides and a roof)	Y - Best practice measures already in place. ROM bin fully enclosed, with water sprays. Water cart and sprays used when loading off the stockpile					
		Enclosed dump hopper (3 sides and a roof) plus water sprays	Y - Best practice measures already in place. ROM bin fully enclosed, with water sprays. Water cart and sprays used when loading off the stockpile					
	Enclosure with control device	Y - Best practice measures already in place. ROM bin fully enclosed, with water sprays. Water cart and sprays used when loading off the stockpile						
Conveyor and transfers	Conveyors	Application of water at transfers	Y - Best practice measures already in place. Water sprays installed on conveyors					
		Wind shielding - roof or side wall	Y - Best practice measures already in place. ROM bin fully enclosed, with water sprays.					
		Wind shielding - roof AND side wall	Y - Best practice measures already in place. ROM conveyor fully enclosed, with water sprays.					
		Belt cleaning and spillage minimisation	Y - Best practice measures already in place. Belt cleaned with fine residue reporting to sump which is regularly cleaned out					

Activity	Best Practice Control		Current Assumption of Use (Y or N)	Regulatory Requirements (Y or N)	Environmental Impacts (Y or N)	Safety Implications (Y or N)	Compatibility with current processes and proposed future developments (Y or N)	Practicability (Y or N)
	Transfers	Enclosure	Y - Best practice measures already in place. ROM transfers fully enclosed.					
		Enclosure and fabric filters	N	N	N	N	Y	N - Not required due to high moisture coal and water sprays.
Stacking and reclaiming product coal	Avoidance	Bypass coal stockpiles	NA - No product coal at Appin					
		Variable height stack						
	Loading coal stockpiles	Boom tip water sprays						
		Telescopic chute with water sprays						
		Total enclosure						
	Reclaim coal	Underground reclaim						
	Unloading product stockpiles	Bucket wheel, portal or bridge reclaimer with water application						
		Water sprays						
Wind breaks								

4.2 Implementation costs

The costs associated with the introduction of the practicable measures summarised in **Table 4.1**, based on a costing exercise undertaken by the operators of BSO, is presented in **Appendix E**. This costing exercise was consistent with the requirements of the OEH Site-Specific Determination Guideline.

Table 4.3 is an outline of the proposed spending on each control measure, based on the information presented in **Appendix E**.

Table 4.3: Project cost per year

Activity/BPM	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17
Implementation of predictive meteorology to determine Dust Forecast Ranking	\$5000	\$5000	\$5000	\$5000	\$5000
Additional water cart (with water cannon) for stockpiles during windy periods	\$35,000	\$52,000	\$52,000	\$52,000	\$52,000
Water cannon installed on additional water cart	\$10,000				
Suppressant practicability trial (yr1) and ongoing annual usage if deemed practicable	\$20,000				
Polymer suppressants on internal haul Roads (if deemed practicable)		\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000
Water sprays on road hopper			\$65,000*		

* Audits of dust generation at the Road Hopper will be undertaken to determine if dust emissions are occurring from this unloading process. Implementation of Road Hopper sprays will occur if this is confirmed as a source of dust generation.

5 PROPOSED TIMEFRAME FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF BEST PRACTICE MEASURES

Based on the evaluation presented in **Section 4**, the following BPM are proposed for implementation at BSO.

Table 5.1: Best practice measures to be implemented

Activity/BPM	Proposed implementation date
Implementation of predictive meteorology to determine Dust Forecast Ranking	From FY13
Additional water cart (with water cannon) for stockpiles during windy periods	From FY13
Water cannon installation on additional water cart	From FY13
Polymer suppressant practicability trial	From FY13
Polymer suppressants on internal haul roads (if deemed practicable)	From FY14
Water sprays on road hopper (Capital and dust source confirmation dependant)	FY15

6 MONITORING AND TRACKING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF PM CONTROLS AT THE BSO COMPLEX

On 8 May 2012 the EPA (formerly OEH) held an information session and workshop to provide feedback to consultants and mining companies on the dust PRPs received to date. A key outcome of the workshop (referred to as 'Key Message 3' (**EPA, 2012**)) was that the control effectiveness of both current and proposed BPM should be measured and reported, as follows:

"Control effectiveness must be supported by:

- Key performance indicator
- Monitoring method
- Location, frequency and duration of monitoring
- Monitoring data records and analysis
- Management procedures"

In accordance with EPA expectations, the following Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) are proposed as options for the BSO complex.

6.1 Proposed KPIs

KPI 1 to 4 will be assessed against the following criteria to determine the effectiveness of dust controls:

1. Long term criteria for Particulate matter – measured monthly:
 - a. annual TSP $\leq 90\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
 - b. annual PM10 $\leq 30\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
2. Short term criteria for Particulate matter – measured monthly:
 - a. 24 hour period $\leq 50\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
3. Long term criteria for deposited dust
 - a. $2\text{g}/\text{m}^2/\text{month}$ (maximum increase)
 - b. $4\text{g}/\text{m}^2/\text{month}$ (overall)
4. Use of NPI dust control effectiveness annually (as below)

NPI control effectiveness - The TSP and PM10 dust is calculated annually using the NSW Minerals Council NPI database Version 3.00.

These dust levels are used to calculate the Mine's TSP and PM10 Emission Rates.

These rates are compared year on year for the Mine Site and against the NSWMC - nil controls, good controls and maximum controls.

6.2 Reporting

Data from 1, 2 and 3 reported in the BSO Quarterly Monitoring Report and the AEMR.

7 CLOSING/CONCLUSIONS

This study identified that the highest ranking activities at the BSO Mine Complex in terms of particulate generation, when emissions alone are evaluated include:

- Wind erosion of coal stockpiles
- Trucks unloading coal
- Material transfer of coal
- Wheel generated particulates on unpaved roads

Potential Best Practice control measures for the above activities were identified, and their practicability and cost evaluated. Measures identified as potentially achievable for the BSO complex were:

- Dust forecasting using predictive meteorology
- Additional water cart during windy periods
- Water canon on additional water cart
- Suppressant practicability trial
- Water sprays on road hopper (if confirmed as significant dust source)

8 REFERENCES

Donnelly S-J, Balch A, Wiebe A, Shaw N, Welchman S, Schloss A, Castillo E, Henville K, Vernon A and Planner J (2011). NSW Coal Mining Benchmarking Study: International Best Practice Measures to Prevent and / or Minimise Emissions of Particulate Matter from Coal Mining. Prepared by Katestone Environmental Pty Ltd for NSW Office of Environment and Heritage June 2011.

OEH (2011). Coal Mine Particulate Matter Control Best Practice - Site-specific determination guideline. November 2011. New South Wales Office of Environment and Heritage, Sydney. November 2011.

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OEH (2012). Environmental Protection Licence 2504 – Endeavour Coal Pty Ltd. March 2012.

USEPA (1993). AP-42 Procedures for Sampling Surface/Bulk Dust Loading, July 1993. <http://www.epa.gov/ttnchie1/ap42/appendix/app-c1.pdf>

USEPA (1998). AP-42 Compilation of Emission Factors, Section 13.2.4 – Western Surface Coal Mining, October 1998. <http://www.epa.gov/ttnchie1/ap42/ch11/final/c11s09.pdf>

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USEPA (2006b). AP-42 Compilation of Emission Factors, Section 13.2.4 - Aggregate Handling And Storage Piles, November 2006. <http://www.epa.gov/ttnchie1/ap42/ch13/final/c13s0204.pdf>

Appendix A: Copy of PRP as contained in Endeavour Coal Pty Ltd EPL 2504

U2 PRP17 - Coal Mine Particulate Matter Control Best Practice

U2.1 Pollution Reduction Program 17 - Coal Mine Particulate Matter Control Best Practice

The Licensee must conduct a site specific Best Management Practice (BMP) determination to identify the most practicable means to reduce particle emissions.

The Licensee must prepare a report which includes, but is not necessarily limited to, the following:

- identification, quantification and justification of existing measures that are being used to minimise particle emissions;
- identification, quantification and justification of best practice measures that could be used to minimise particle emissions;
- evaluation of the practicability of implementing these best practice measures; and
- a proposed timeframe for implementing all practicable best practice measures.

In preparing the report, the Licensee must utilise the document entitled *Coal Mine Particulate Matter Control Best Practice – Site Specific Determination Guideline - November 2011*.

All cost related information is to be included as Appendix 1 of the report.

The report required must be submitted by the Licensee to the EPA by 28 September 2012

The report required by this condition, except for cost related information contained in Appendix 1 of the Report, must be made publicly available on the Licensee's website by 5 October 2012.

Source: **EPL 2504 22-Mar-2012**

**Appendix B: Copy of Coal Mine Particulate Matter Control Best Practice – Site Specific
Determination Guideline August 2011**

COAL MINE PARTICULATE MATTER CONTROL BEST PRACTICE – SITE SPECIFIC DETERMINATION GUIDELINE AUGUST 2011

PURPOSE OF THIS GUIDELINE

The purpose of this guideline is to provide detail of the process to be followed in conducting a site specific determination of best practice measures to reduce emissions of particulate matter from coal mining activities.

This guideline also provides the required content and format of the report required for the Pollution Reduction Program "Coal Mine Particulate Matter Best Practice".

THE SITE SPECIFIC DETERMINATION PROCESS

In preparing the Report, the following steps must be followed, as a minimum:

1. Identify, quantify and justify existing measures that are being used to minimise particle emissions

- 1.1. Estimate baseline emissions of TSP, PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} (tonne per year) from each mining activity. This estimate must:
 - utilise USEPA AP42 emission estimation techniques (or other method as approved in writing by the EPA);
 - calculate uncontrolled emissions (with no particulate matter controls in place); and
 - calculate controlled emissions (with current particulate matter controls in place).

Note: These particulate matter controls must be clearly identified, quantified and justified with supporting information).

- 1.2. Using the results of the controlled emissions estimates generated from Step 1.1, rank the mining activities according to the mass of TSP, PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} emitted by each mining activity per year from highest to lowest.
- 1.3. Identify the top four mining activities from Step 1.2 that contribute the highest emissions of TSP, PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}.

2. Identify, quantify and justify the measures that could be used to minimise particle emissions

- 2.1. For each of the top four activities identified in Step 1.3, identify the measures that could be implemented to reduce emissions taking into consideration:
 - the findings of Katestone (June 2011), *NSW Coal Mining Benchmarking Study - International Best Practice Measures to Prevent and/or Minimise Emissions of Particulate Matter from Coal Mining*, Katestone Environmental Pty Ltd, Terrace 5, 249 Coronation Drive, PO Box 2217, Milton 4064, Queensland, Australia;
 - any other relevant published information; and
 - any relevant industry experience from either Australia or overseas.

2.2. For each of the top four activities identified in Step 1.3, estimate emissions of TSP, PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} from each mining activity following the application of the measures identified in Step 2.1.

3. Evaluate the practicability of implementing these best practice measures

3.1. For each of the best practice measures identified in Step 2.1, assess the practicability associated with their implementation, by taking into consideration:

- implementation costs;
- regulatory requirements;
- environmental impacts;
- safety implications; and
- compatibility with current processes and proposed future developments.

3.2. Identify those best practice measures that will be implemented at the premises to reduce particle emissions.

4. Propose a timeframe for implementing all practicable best practice measures

4.1. For each of the best practice measures identified as being practicable in Step 3.2, provide a timeframe for their implementation.

REPORT CONTENT

The report must clearly identify the methodologies utilised and all assumptions made.

The report must contain detailed information justifying and supporting all of the information used in each step of the process. For example, in calculating controlled emissions in Step 1, current particulate matter controls being used at the mine must be clearly identified, quantified and justified with supporting information and evidence including monitoring data, record keeping, management plans and/or operator training etc.

In evaluating practicability in Step 3, the licensee must document the following specific information:

- estimated capital, labour, materials and other costs for each best practice measure on an annual basis for a ten year period. This information must be set out in the format provided in Appendix A and included as an attachment to the report;
- The details of any restrictions on the implementation of each best practice measure due to an existing approval or licence;
- Quantification of any new or additional environmental impacts that may arise from the application of a particular best practice measure, such as increased noise or fresh water use;
- The details of safety impacts that may result from the application of a particular best practice measure;
- The details of any incompatibility with current operational practices on the premises; and
- The details of any incompatibility with future development proposals on the premises.

REPORT FORMAT

The report must be structured according to the process outlined above and submitted in both electronic format as .PDF format and hard copy format in triplicate. All emission estimates, costs and supporting calculations must be submitted in electronic format as .XLS format.

ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

USEPA AP42 Emission Estimation Techniques – all of the following:

- USEPA (1995), *AP 42, Fifth Edition, Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, Volume 1: Stationary Point and Area Sources*, Technology Transfer Network - Clearinghouse for Inventories & Emissions Factors, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711, USA. <http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/index.html> ;
- USEPA (1998), *AP 42, Chapter 11.9 Western Surface Coal Mining*, Technology Transfer Network - Clearinghouse for Inventories & Emissions Factors, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711, USA. <http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/ch11/final/c11s09.pdf> ;
- USEPA (2006), *AP 42, Chapter 13.2.2 Unpaved Roads*, Technology Transfer Network - Clearinghouse for Inventories & Emissions Factors, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711, USA. <http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/ch13/final/c13s0202.pdf> ;
- USEPA (2006), *AP 42, Chapter 13.2.4 Aggregate Handling and Storage Piles*, Technology Transfer Network - Clearinghouse for Inventories & Emissions Factors, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711, USA. <http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/ch13/final/c13s0204.pdf> ; and
- USEPA (2006), *AP 42, Chapter 13.2.5 Industrial Wind Erosion*, Technology Transfer Network - Clearinghouse for Inventories & Emissions Factors, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711, USA. <http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/ch13/final/c13s0205.pdf> .

PM₁₀ – Particulate matter of 10 micrometres or less in diameter

PM_{2.5} - Particulate matter of 2.5 micrometres or less in diameter

Mining Activities – means:

- Wheel generated particulates on unpaved roads
- Wind erosion of overburden
- Loading and dumping overburden
- Blasting
- Bulldozing Coal
- Trucks unloading overburden
- Bulldozing overburden
- Front-end loaders on overburden
- Wind erosion of exposed areas
- Wind erosion of coal stockpiles
- Unloading from coal stockpiles

- Dragline
- Front-end loaders on overburden
- Trucks unloading coal
- Loading coal stockpiles
- Graders
- Drilling
- Coal crushing
- Material transfer of coal
- Scrapers on overburden
- Train loading
- Screening; or
- Material transfer of overburden

TSP - Total Suspended Particulate Matter

Appendix C: Emission Inventory Input Parameters

TSP

ACTIVITY	TSP emission/year for FY11 in kg	Intensity	units	Emission factor	units	Variable 1	units	Variable 2	units	Variable 3	units	Variable 4	units	Silt	Units		
APPIN EAST																	
CL - Transfer of ROM from conveyor to hopper	35,538	3,507,159	t/y	0.06755	kg/t	6	moisture content of coal in %									85	% control
CL - Loading ROM from hopper to truck	569	3,507,159	t/y	0.00046	kg/t	6	moisture content of coal in %	1.82	average of (wind speed/2.2)^1.3 in m/s							65	% control
CL - Hauling ROM coal to stockpile	540	561,145	t/y	0.00963	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	0.32	km/return trip	0.9	kg/VKT	1.01	% silt content	90	% control
CL - Unloading ROM coal at stockpile	18,954	561,145	t/y	0.06755	kg/t	6	moisture content of coal in %									50	% control
CL - Loading ROM coal from stockpile to trucks	37,907	561,145	t/y	0.06755	kg/t	6	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Hauling ROM coal from stockpile/dump hopper to highway	5,384	3,507,159	t/y	0.01535	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	0.5	km/return trip	0.9	kg/VKT	1.01	% silt content	90	% control
WE - Exposed areas	96	0.22	ha	0.1	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y									50	% control
WE - Coal stockpile	19,068	0.99	ha	6.3	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)							65	% control
APPIN WEST																	
WE - Exposed areas	1,104	1.26	ha	0.1	kg/ha/y	8760	h/y										% control
Grading roads	208	2190	km	0.19007	kg/VKT	5	speed of graders in km/h	438	grader h/y							50	% control
WESTCLIFF COLLIERY PROCESSING PLANT (WCCPP)																	
TS - Loading topsoil to trucks	178	112,500	t/y	0	kg/t	3	Moisture content in %	2	Silt content in %								% control
TS - Hauling topsoil to emplacement	1,985	112,500	t/y	0	kg/t	37	t/load	63	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.30	km/return trip	1.00430078	kg/VKT	1.01	% silt content	50	% control
TS - Unloading topsoil at emplacement	164	112,500	t/y	0	kg/t	3	Moisture content in %	2	average of (wind speed/2.2)^1.3 in m/s								% control
OB - Loading coalwash to trucks	1,018	2,405,927	t/y	0.00042	kg/t	7	Moisture content in %	1.82	average of (wind speed/2.2)^1.3 in m/s								% control
OB - Hauling coalwash to emplacement	42,759	2,405,927	t/y	0.03555	kg/t	30	t/load	48	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.2	km/return trip	0.9	kg/VKT	1.01	% silt content	50	% control
OB - Unloading coalwash at emplacement	898	2,405,927	t/y	0.00037	kg/t	7	Moisture content in %	1.82	average of (wind speed/2.2)^1.3 in m/s								% control
WE - Exposed Areas	8,322	19	ha	0.1	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y									50	% control
WE - Stockpile 1	244,885	4.45	ha	6.3	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 2	131,522	2.39	ha	6.3	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 3	236,630	4.3	ha	6.3	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 4	170,594	3.1	ha	6.3	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 5	56,681	1.03	ha	6.3	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 6	62,184	1.13	ha	6.3	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
Grading roads - WCCPP	3,871	7,200	km	1.07517	kg/VKT	10	speed of graders in km/h	720	grader h/y							50	% control

ACTIVITY	TSP emission/year for FY11 in kg	Intensity	units	Emission factor	units	Variable 1	units	Variable 2	units	Variable 3	units	Variable 4	units	Silt	Units		
Westcliff Coal																	
CL - Transfer from WCCPP conveyor to stockpile No 5	28,373	548,973	t/y	0.05168	kg/t	7.5	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Transfer ROM from No 5 stockpile to road hopper via 988 loader	28,373	548,973	t/y	0.05168	kg/t	7.5	moisture content of coal in %										% control
Appin Coal																	
CL - Hauling ROM coal from highway to road hopper	105,036	3,507,159	t/y	0.05990	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.99	km/return trip	0.9	kg/VKT	1.0	% silt content	50	% control
CL - Unloading ROM coal from truck to road hopper	200,339	3,507,159	t/y	0.05712	kg/t	6.9	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Transfer ROM from stockpile to road hopper via 988 loader	32,054	561,145	t/y	0.05712	kg/t	6.9	moisture content of coal in %										% control
Product Coal																	
CL - Loading product coal from washery bin to truck for delivery to port	877	3,444,894	t/y	0.00025	kg/t	9.2	moisture content of coal in %	1.82	average of (wind speed/2.2)^1.3 in m/s								% control
CL - Hauling product coal from washery bin to product stockpile (No 2 or No 3)	16,085	971,637	t/y	0.03311	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.1	km/return trip	0.9	kg/VKT	1.0	% silt content	50	% control
CL - Unloading product coal from truck to product stockpile (No 2 or No 3)	39,299	971,637	t/y	0.04045	kg/t	9.2	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Loading product coal from product stockpile to truck	39,299	971,637	t/y	0.04045	kg/t	9.2	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Hauling product coal from stockpile (No 2 or No 3) to port	19,010	971,637	t/y	0.03913	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.3	km/return trip	0.9	kg/VKT	1.0	% silt content	50	% control
CL - Crushing coal at WCCPP	-	-	t/y	Sizing done underground													% control
CL - Screening coal at WCCPP	-	-	t/y	Process wet, no emissions													% control

1,589,806

PM10

ACTIVITY	PM10 emission/year for FY11 in kg	Intensity	units	Emission factor	units	Variable 1	units	Variable 2	units	Variable 3	units	Variable 4	units	Silt	Units		
APPIN EAST																	
CL - Transfer of ROM from conveyor to hopper	4,688	3,507,159	t/y	0.00891	kg/t	6	moisture content of coal in %									85	% control
CL - Loading ROM from hopper to truck	269	3,507,159	t/y	0.00022	kg/t	6	moisture content of coal in %	1.82	average of (wind speed/2.2) ^{1.3} in m/s							65	% control
CL - Hauling ROM coal to stockpile	101	561,145	t/y	0.00180	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	0.32	km/return trip	0.2	kg/VKT	1.01	% silt content	90	% control
CL - Unloading ROM coal at stockpile	2,500	561,145	t/y	0.00891	kg/t	6	moisture content of coal in %									50	% control
CL - Loading ROM coal from stockpile to trucks	5,001	561,145	t/y	0.00891	kg/t	6	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Hauling ROM coal from stockpile/dump hopper to highway	1,005	3,507,159	t/y	0.00286	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	0.5	km/return trip	0.2	kg/VKT	1.01	% silt content	90	% control
WE - Exposed areas	48	0.22	ha	0.1	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y									50	% control
WE - Coal stockpile	9,534	0.99	ha	3.1	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)							65	% control
APPIN WEST																	
WE - Exposed areas	552	1.26	ha	0.1	kg/ha/y	8760	h/y										% control
Grading roads	92	2190	km	0.08400	kg/VKT	5	speed of graders in km/h	438	grader h/y							50	% control
WESTCLIFF COLLIERY PROCESSING PLANT (WCCPP)																	
TS - Loading topsoil to trucks	82	112,500	t/y	0	kg/t	3	Moisture content in %	2	Silt content in %								% control
TS - Hauling topsoil to emplacement	370	112,500	t/y	0	kg/t	37	t/load	63	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.30	km/return trip	0.18740752	kg/VKT	1.01	% silt content	50	% control
TS - Unloading topsoil at emplacement	75	112,500	t/y	0	kg/t	3	Moisture content in %	2	average of (wind speed/2.2) ^{1.3} in m/s								% control
OB - Loading coalwash to trucks	596	2,405,927	t/y	0.00025	kg/t	5.5	Moisture content in %	1.82	average of (wind speed/2.2) ^{1.3} in m/s								% control
OB - Hauling coalwash to emplacement	7,979	2,405,927	t/y	0.00663	kg/t	30	t/load	48	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.2	km/return trip	0.2	kg/VKT	1.01	% silt content	50	% control
OB - Unloading coalwash at emplacement	596	2,405,927	t/y	0.00025	kg/t	5.5	Moisture content in %	1.82	average of (wind speed/2.2) ^{1.3} in m/s								% control
WE - Exposed Areas	4,161	19	ha	0.1	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y									50	% control
WE - Stockpile 1	122,442	4.45	ha	3.1	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 2	65,761	2.39	ha	3.1	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 3	118,315	4.3	ha	3.1	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 4	85,297	3.1	ha	3.1	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 5	28,341	1.03	ha	3.1	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 6	31,092	1.13	ha	3.1	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control

ACTIVITY	PM10 emission/year for FY11 in kg	Intensity	units	Emission factor	units	Variable 1	units	Variable 2	units	Variable 3	units	Variable 4	units	Silt	Units		% control
Grading roads - WCCPP	1,210	7,200	km	0.33600	kg/VKT	10	speed of graders in km/h	720	grader h/y							50	% control
Westcliff Coal																	
CL - Transfer from WCCPP conveyor to stockpile No 5	4,002	548,973	t/y	0.00729	kg/t	7.5	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Transfer ROM from No 5 stockpile to road hopper via 988 loader	4,002	548,973	t/y	0.00729	kg/t	7.5	moisture content of coal in %										% control
Appin Coal																	
CL - Hauling ROM coal from highway to road hopper	19,600	3,507,159	t/y	0.01118	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.99	km/return trip	0.2	kg/VKT	1.0	% silt content	50	% control
CL - Unloading ROM coal from truck to road hopper	27,561	3,507,159	t/y	0.00786	kg/t	6.9	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Transfer ROM from stockpile to road hopper via 988 loader	4,410	561,145	t/y	0.00786	kg/t	6.9	moisture content of coal in %										% control
Product Coal																	
CL - Loading product coal from washery bin to truck for delivery to port	415	3,444,894	t/y	0.00012	kg/t	9.2	moisture content of coal in %	1.82	average of (wind speed/2.2) ^{1.3} in m/s								% control
CL - Hauling product coal from washery bin to product stockpile (No 2 or No 3)	3,002	971,637	t/y	0.00618	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.1	km/return trip	0.2	kg/VKT	1.0	% silt content	50	% control
CL - Unloading product coal from truck to product stockpile (No 2 or No 3)	3,029	971,637	t/y	0.00312	kg/t	9.2	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Loading product coal from product stockpile to truck	5,894	971,637	t/y	0.00607	kg/t	9.2	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Hauling product coal from stockpile (No 2 or No 3) to port	3,547	971,637	t/y	0.00730	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.3	km/return trip	0.2	kg/VKT	1.0	% silt content	50	% control
CL - Crushing coal at WCCPP	-	-	t/y	Sizing done underground													% control
CL - Screening coal at WCCPP	-	-	t/y	Process wet, no emissions													% control

565,569

PM_{2.5}

ACTIVITY	PM2.5 emission/year for FY11 in kg	Intensity	units	Emission factor	units	Variable 1	units	Variable 2	units	Variable 3	units	Variable 4	units	Silt	Units		
APPIN EAST																	
CL - Transfer of ROM from conveyor to hopper	675	3,507,159	t/y	0.00128	kg/t	6	moisture content of coal in %									85	% control
CL - Loading ROM from hopper to truck	41	3,507,159	t/y	0.00003	kg/t	6	moisture content of coal in %	1.82	average of (wind speed/2.2) ^{1.3} in m/s							65	% control
CL - Hauling ROM coal to stockpile	10	561,145	t/y	0.00018	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	0.32	km/return trip	0.0174	kg/VKT	1.01	% silt content	90	% control
CL - Unloading ROM coal at stockpile	360	561,145	t/y	0.00128	kg/t	6	moisture content of coal in %									50	% control
CL - Loading ROM coal from stockpile to trucks	720	561,145	t/y	0.00128	kg/t	6	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Hauling ROM coal from stockpile/dump hopper to highway	100	3,507,159	t/y	0.00029	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	0.5	km/return trip	0.0174	kg/VKT	1.01	% silt content	90	% control
WE - Exposed areas	7	0.22	ha	0.008	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y									50	% control
WE - Coal stockpile	1,430	0.99	ha	0.5	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)							65	% control
APPIN WEST																	
WE - Exposed areas	83	1.26	ha	0.008	kg/ha/y	8760	h/y										% control
Grading roads	6	2190	km	0.00589	kg/VKT	5	speed of graders in km/h	438	grader h/y							50	% control
WESTCLIFF COLLIERY PROCESSING PLANT (WCCPP)																	
TS - Loading topsoil to trucks	12	112,500	t/y	0	kg/t	3	Moisture content in %	2	Silt content in %								% control
TS - Hauling topsoil to emplacement	37	112,500	t/y	0	kg/t	37	t/load	63	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.30	km/return trip	0.0187	kg/VKT	1.01	% silt content	50	% control
TS - Unloading topsoil at emplacement	11	112,500	t/y	0	kg/t	3	Moisture content in %	2	average of (wind speed/2.2) ^{1.3} in m/s								% control
OB - Loading coalwash to trucks	90	2,405,927	t/y	0.00004	kg/t	5.5	Moisture content in %	1.82	average of (wind speed/2.2) ^{1.3} in m/s								% control
OB - Hauling coalwash to emplacement	798	2,405,927	t/y	0.00066	kg/t	30	t/load	48	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.2	km/return trip	0.0165	kg/VKT	1.01	% silt content	50	% control
OB - Unloading coalwash at emplacement	90	2,405,927	t/y	0.00004	kg/t	5.5	Moisture content in %	1.82	average of (wind speed/2.2) ^{1.3} in m/s								% control
WE - Exposed Areas	624	19	ha	0.008	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y									50	% control
WE - Stockpile 1	18,366	4.45	ha	0.5	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 2	9,864	2.39	ha	0.5	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 3	17,747	4.3	ha	0.5	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 4	12,795	3.1	ha	0.5	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 5	4,251	1.03	ha	0.5	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control
WE - Stockpile 6	4,664	1.13	ha	0.5	kg/ha/h	8760	h/y	3.49	average of wind speed (m/s)								% control

ACTIVITY	PM2.5 emission/year for FY11 in kg	Intensity	units	Emission factor	units	Variable 1	units	Variable 2	units	Variable 3	units	Variable 4	units	Silt	Units		
Grading roads - WCCPP	120	7,200	km	0.03333	kg/VKT	10	speed of graders in km/h	720	grader h/y							50	% control
Westcliff Coal																	
CL - Transfer from WCCPP conveyor to stockpile No 5	539	548,973	t/y	0.00098	kg/t	7.5	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Transfer ROM from No 5 stockpile to road hopper via 988 loader	539	548,973	t/y	0.00098	kg/t	7.5	moisture content of coal in %										% control
Appin Coal																	
CL - Hauling ROM coal from highway to road hopper	1,960	3,507,159	t/y	0.00112	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.99	km/return trip	0.01741	kg/VKT	1.0	% silt content	50	% control
CL - Unloading ROM coal from truck to road hopper	3,806	3,507,159	t/y	0.00109	kg/t	6.9	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Transfer ROM from stockpile to road hopper via 988 loader	609	561,145	t/y	0.00109	kg/t	6.9	moisture content of coal in %										% control
Product Coal																	
CL - Loading product coal from washery bin to truck for delivery to port	63	3,444,894	t/y	0.00002	kg/t	9.2	moisture content of coal in %	1.82	average of (wind speed/2.2)*1.3 in m/s								% control
CL - Hauling product coal from washery bin to product stockpile (No 2 or No 3)	300	971,637	t/y	0.00062	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.1	km/return trip	0.01741	kg/VKT	1.0	% silt content	50	% control
CL - Unloading product coal from truck to product stockpile (No 2 or No 3)	747	971,637	t/y	0.00077	kg/t	9.2	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Loading product coal from product stockpile to truck	747	971,637	t/y	0.00077	kg/t	9.2	moisture content of coal in %										% control
CL - Hauling product coal from stockpile (No 2 or No 3) to port	355	971,637	t/y	0.00073	kg/t	31	t/load	53.5	Vehicle gross mass (t)	1.3	km/return trip	0.01741	kg/VKT	1.0	% silt content	50	% control
CL - Crushing coal at WCCPP	-	-	t/y	Sizing done underground													% control
CL - Screening coal at WCCPP	-	-	t/y	Process wet, no emissions													% control

82,569

Appendix D: Silt and Moisture Sampling

The logo for SGS, consisting of the letters "SGS" in a bold, black, sans-serif font, with a vertical line to the right of the letters.

SGS Australia Pty Ltd (ACN 000 964 278)

6A Metal Pit Drive
MAYFIELD WEST NSW 2304
PO Box 274
HUNTER REGION MC NSW 2310

Tel: (61 2) 49607800

Fax: (61 2) 49607844

ANALYSIS REPORT

Report Status: FINAL

Client: Pacific Environment Limited

Reported to: Greer Laing
Email: greer.laing@paeholmes.com
Website: WWW.pelgroup.com

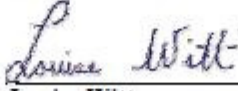
SGS Reference: NM01093

Description: Silt and Moisture Samples

Date Received: 7 August 2012

This report supersedes any previous reports which may have been issued.

Date Reported: 9 August 2012

Reported By: 
Louise Witt
Deputy Manager - Newcastle



SGS Australia Pty Ltd (ACN 000 964 278)

Report Status: FINAL
 Attention: Greer Laing
 Client: Pacific Environment Limited
 SGS Reference: NM01093
 Description: Silt and Moisture Samples

Samples Received: August 7, 2012

ANALYSIS RESULTS

		Total Moisture %	Sizing -0.075
NM01093-009	Topsoil	2.7	1.97
NM01093-010	Coal Wash Dry	4.0	2.11
NM01093-011	Coal Wash Wet	7.0	0.85
NM01093-012	2 x Haul Rd - Main Emplacement	4.7	1.01
NM01093-015	Coal Westcliff	7.5	3.89
NM01093-016	Coal Appin	6.9	2.25
NM01093-018	Coal Stockpile 3	6.9	2.30

Appendix E: Cost related information for potential control measures

MINING ACTIVITY:		Hauling on unpaved roads										
Specific best practice measure	Pave the surface											
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	191										
	PM10	36										
	PM2.5	4										
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	43										
	PM10	8										
	PM2.5	1										
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	148										
	PM10	28										
	PM2.5	3										
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Cost specific capital items (list each item)	Paving Main Haul Road	\$2,600,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,600,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total capital costs		\$2,600,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,600,000
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)	Maintenance	\$0	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$450,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs		\$0	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$450,000
Total costs		\$2,600,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$3,050,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$17,556	\$338	\$338	\$338	\$338	\$338	\$338	\$338	\$338	\$338	\$20,594
	PM10	\$92,857	\$1,786	\$1,786	\$1,786	\$1,786	\$1,786	\$1,786	\$1,786	\$1,786	\$1,786	\$108,929
	PM2.5	\$812,500	\$15,625	\$15,625	\$15,625	\$15,625	\$15,625	\$15,625	\$15,625	\$15,625	\$15,625	\$953,125
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$60,606	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$60,606
	PM10	\$325,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$325,000
	PM2.5	\$3,250,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,250,000
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	No cost saving.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net costs		\$2,600,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$3,050,000

MINING ACTIVITY:		Hauling on unpaved roads										
Specific best practice measure	Low silt aggregate											
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	191										
	PM10	36										
	PM2.5	4										
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	129										
	PM10	24										
	PM2.5	2										
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	62										
	PM10	12										
	PM2.5	2										
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Cost specific capital items (list each item)	200mm bed of Road Base over 4000sqm	\$350,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$350,000
	Maintenance road base	\$0	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$135,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total capital costs		\$350,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$485,000
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)	Spreading of road base	\$40,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$40,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs		\$40,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$40,000
Total costs		\$390,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$525,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$6,260	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$8,427
	PM10	\$32,500	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$43,750
	PM2.5	\$243,750	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$328,125
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$3,030	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,030
	PM10	\$16,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$16,250
	PM2.5	\$162,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$162,500
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	No cost saving.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net costs		\$390,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$525,000
Estimate net cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$6,260	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$8,427
	PM10	\$32,500	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$43,750
	PM2.5	\$243,750	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$328,125
Estimate net cost per tonne per ha of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$6,260	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$241	\$8,427
	PM10	\$32,500	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$43,750
	PM2.5	\$243,750	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$9,375	\$328,125

MINING ACTIVITY:		Hauling on unpaved roads											
Specific best practice measure	Watering Level 2 (>2 l/m2/h)												
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	191											
	PM10	36											
	PM2.5	4											
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	107											
	PM10	20											
	PM2.5	2											
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	84											
	PM10	16											
	PM2.5	2											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total	
Cost specific capital items (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total capital costs		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)	New Water cart @ \$110/HR 12 HOURS PER DAY	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$4,800,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs		\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$4,800,000
Total costs		\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$4,800,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$57,313
	PM10	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$300,000
	PM2.5	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$2,400,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$4,476	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,476
	PM10	\$24,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$24,000
	PM2.5	\$240,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$240,000
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	No cost saving.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net costs		\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$4,800,000
Estimate net cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$57,313
	PM10	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$300,000
	PM2.5	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$2,400,000
Estimate net cost per tonne per ha of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$5,731	\$57,313
	PM10	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$300,000
	PM2.5	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$240,000	\$2,400,000

MINING ACTIVITY:		Hauling on unpaved roads											
Specific best practice measure	Hygroscopic salts												
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	191											
	PM10	36											
	PM2.5	4											
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	150											
	PM10	28											
	PM2.5	3											
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	41											
	PM10	8											
	PM2.5	1											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total	
Cost specific capital items (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	Total capital costs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)	Monthly Application of Dust Guard (MgCl)	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$1,920,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$1,920,000	
Total costs	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$1,920,000	
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$47,001
	PM10	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$240,000
	PM2.5	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$1,600,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$1,279	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,279
	PM10	\$6,857	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,857
	PM2.5	\$68,571	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$68,571
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	No cost saving.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Net costs	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$1,920,000	
Estimate net cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$47,001
	PM10	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$240,000
	PM2.5	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$1,600,000
Estimate net cost per tonne per ha of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$4,700	\$47,001
	PM10	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$240,000
	PM2.5	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$160,000	\$1,600,000

MINING ACTIVITY:		Hauling on unpaved roads										
Specific best practice measure	Lignosulphonates											
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	191										
	PM10	36										
	PM2.5	4										
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	137										
	PM10	26										
	PM2.5	3										
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	54										
	PM10	10										
	PM2.5	1										
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Cost specific capital items (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total capital costs		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)	Lignosulphonate (\$2.75/L at 1:1 with water weekly)	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$28,600,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs		\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$28,600,000
Total costs		\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$28,600,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$532,390
	PM10	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$2,750,000
	PM2.5	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$19,861,111
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$20,833	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,833
	PM10	\$111,719	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$111,719
	PM2.5	\$1,117,188	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,117,188
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	No cost saving.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net costs		\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$2,860,000	\$28,600,000
Estimate net cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$532,390
	PM10	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$2,750,000
	PM2.5	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$19,861,111
Estimate net cost per tonne per ha of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$53,239	\$532,390
	PM10	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$275,000	\$2,750,000
	PM2.5	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$1,986,111	\$19,861,111

MINING ACTIVITY:		Hauling on unpaved roads											
Specific best practice measure	Polymer emulsions												
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	191											
	PM10	36											
	PM2.5	4											
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	129											
	PM10	24											
	PM2.5	2											
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	62											
	PM10	12											
	PM2.5	2											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total	
Cost specific capital items (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$700,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total capital costs		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)	4hr Water cart @ 110/hr	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)	Heavy water extreme (1:30000 in water cart 5 times daily)	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$700,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs		\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$700,000
Total costs		\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$700,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$11,236
	PM10	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$58,333
	PM2.5	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$437,500
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$544	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$544
	PM10	\$2,917	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,917
	PM2.5	\$29,167	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$29,167
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	No cost saving.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net costs		\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$70,000	\$700,000
Estimate net cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$11,236
	PM10	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$58,333
	PM2.5	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$437,500
Estimate net cost per tonne per ha of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$1,124	\$11,236
	PM10	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$5,833	\$58,333
	PM2.5	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$43,750	\$437,500

MINING ACTIVITY:		Hauling on unpaved roads											
Specific best practice measure	Tar and bitumen emulsions												
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	191											
	PM10	36											
	PM2.5	4											
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	129											
	PM10	24											
	PM2.5	2											
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	62											
	PM10	12											
	PM2.5	2											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total	
Cost specific capital items (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total capital costs		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)	Weekly application of PetroTac by DCS	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$2,300,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs		\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$2,300,000
Total costs		\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$2,300,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$36,918
	PM10	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$191,667
	PM2.5	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$1,437,500
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$1,787	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,787
	PM10	\$9,583	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,583
	PM2.5	\$95,833	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$95,833
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	No cost saving.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net costs		\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$230,000	\$2,300,000
Estimate net cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$36,918
	PM10	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$191,667
	PM2.5	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$1,437,500
Estimate net cost per tonne per ha of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$3,692	\$36,918
	PM10	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$19,167	\$191,667
	PM2.5	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$143,750	\$1,437,500

MINING ACTIVITY: Wind erosion of coal stockpiles													
Specific best practice measure	Chemical wetting agents												
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	922											
	PM10	461											
	PM2.5	69											
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	109											
	PM10	55											
	PM2.5	8											
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	813											
	PM10	406											
	PM2.5	61											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total	
Cost specific capital items (list each item)	Dosing pump purchase, installation and commissioning. Years 5 and 10 - replacement of pump/s	\$10,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,000	\$30,000
			\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total capital costs		\$10,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,000	\$30,000
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)	Water Cart Applications	\$160,600	\$160,600	\$160,600	\$160,600	\$160,600	\$160,600	\$160,600	\$160,600	\$160,600	\$160,600	\$160,600	\$1,606,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)	Wetting agent (160L/day)	\$175,200	\$175,200	\$175,200	\$175,200	\$175,200	\$175,200	\$175,200	\$175,200	\$175,200	\$175,200	\$175,200	\$1,752,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs		\$335,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$3,358,000
Total costs		\$345,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$345,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$335,800	\$345,800	\$3,388,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$425	\$413	\$413	\$413	\$425	\$413	\$413	\$413	\$413	\$413	\$425	\$4,167
	PM10	\$852	\$827	\$827	\$827	\$852	\$827	\$827	\$827	\$827	\$827	\$852	\$8,345
	PM2.5	\$5,669	\$5,505	\$5,505	\$5,505	\$5,669	\$5,505	\$5,505	\$5,505	\$5,505	\$5,505	\$5,669	\$55,541
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$3,172	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,172
	PM10	\$6,287	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,287
	PM2.5	\$43,225	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$43,225
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	Coal saved for sale	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$1,920,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings		\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$192,000	\$1,920,000
Net costs		\$153,800	\$143,800	\$143,800	\$143,800	\$153,800	\$143,800	\$143,800	\$143,800	\$143,800	\$143,800	\$153,800	\$1,468,000
Estimate net cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$189	\$177	\$177	\$177	\$189	\$177	\$177	\$177	\$177	\$177	\$189	\$1,806
	PM10	\$379	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$379	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$379	\$3,616
	PM2.5	\$2,521	\$2,357	\$2,357	\$2,357	\$2,521	\$2,357	\$2,357	\$2,357	\$2,357	\$2,357	\$2,521	\$24,066
Estimate net cost per tonne per ha of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	-\$191,811	-\$191,823	-\$191,823	-\$191,823	-\$191,811	-\$191,823	-\$191,823	-\$191,823	-\$191,823	-\$191,823	-\$191,811	-\$1,918,194
	PM10	\$379	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$379	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$379	\$3,616
	PM2.5	\$2,521	\$2,357	\$2,357	\$2,357	\$2,521	\$2,357	\$2,357	\$2,357	\$2,357	\$2,357	\$2,521	\$24,066

MINING ACTIVITY:		Wind erosion of coal stockpiles										
Specific best practice measure	Surface Crustings Agents											
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	922										
	PM10	461										
	PM2.5	69										
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	64										
	PM10	32										
	PM2.5	5										
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	858										
	PM10	429										
	PM2.5	64										
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Cost specific capital items (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total capital costs		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)	Water cart cost	\$22,880	\$22,880	\$22,880	\$22,880	\$22,880	\$22,880	\$22,880	\$22,880	\$22,880	\$22,880	\$228,800
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)	Crusting agent 16 hectares @ \$0.6 per sqm - once per week	\$4,608,000	\$4,608,000	\$4,608,000	\$4,608,000	\$4,608,000	\$4,608,000	\$4,608,000	\$4,608,000	\$4,608,000	\$4,608,000	\$46,080,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs		\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$46,308,800
Total costs		\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$4,630,880	\$46,308,800
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$5,397	\$5,397	\$5,397	\$5,397	\$5,397	\$5,397	\$5,397	\$5,397	\$5,397	\$5,397	\$53,973
	PM10	\$10,795	\$10,795	\$10,795	\$10,795	\$10,795	\$10,795	\$10,795	\$10,795	\$10,795	\$10,795	\$107,946
	PM2.5	\$72,358	\$72,358	\$72,358	\$72,358	\$72,358	\$72,358	\$72,358	\$72,358	\$72,358	\$72,358	\$723,575
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$72,358	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$72,358
	PM10	\$144,715	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$144,715
	PM2.5	\$926,176	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$926,176
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	Coal saved for sale	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$2,026,500
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings		\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$202,650	\$2,026,500
Net costs		\$4,428,230	\$4,428,230	\$4,428,230	\$4,428,230	\$4,428,230	\$4,428,230	\$4,428,230	\$4,428,230	\$4,428,230	\$4,428,230	\$44,282,300
Estimate net cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$5,161	\$5,161	\$5,161	\$5,161	\$5,161	\$5,161	\$5,161	\$5,161	\$5,161	\$5,161	\$51,611
	PM10	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$103,222
	PM2.5	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$691,911
Estimate net cost per tonne per ha of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	-\$197,489	-\$197,489	-\$197,489	-\$197,489	-\$197,489	-\$197,489	-\$197,489	-\$197,489	-\$197,489	-\$197,489	-\$1,974,889
	PM10	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$10,322	\$103,222
	PM2.5	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$69,191	\$691,911

MINING ACTIVITY: Wind erosion of coal stockpiles													
Specific best practice measure	Surface Stabilisation - water sprays + chemical wetting agents during high winds												
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	922											
	PM10	461											
	PM2.5	69											
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	897											
	PM10	448											
	PM2.5	67											
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	25											
	PM10	13											
	PM2.5	2											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total	
Cost specific capital items (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total capital costs		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)	Predictive meteorology	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$50,000
	Water cart dedicated to Stockpiles during high winds	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$500,000
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)	Chemical wetting agent	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$250,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs		\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$800,000
Total costs		\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$800,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$32,000
	PM10	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$61,538
	PM2.5	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$400,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$89	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$89
	PM10	\$179	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$179
	PM2.5	\$1,194	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,194
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	Coal saved for sale												\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net costs		\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$800,000
Estimate net cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$32,000
	PM10	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$61,538
	PM2.5	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$400,000
Estimate net cost per tonne per ha of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$3,200	\$32,000
	PM10	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$6,154	\$61,538
	PM2.5	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$400,000

MINING ACTIVITY:		Wind erosion of coal stockpiles											
Specific best practice measure	Surface Stabilisation - water sprays												
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	922											
	PM10	461											
	PM2.5	69											
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	470											
	PM10	235											
	PM2.5	35											
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	452											
	PM10	226											
	PM2.5	34											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total	
Cost specific capital items (list each item)			\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total capital costs		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)	Water cart dedicated to Stockpiles	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$4,800,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs		\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$4,800,000
Total costs		\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$480,000	\$4,800,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$1,062	\$1,062	\$1,062	\$1,062	\$1,062	\$1,062	\$1,062	\$1,062	\$1,062	\$1,062	\$1,062	\$10,619
	PM10	\$2,124	\$2,124	\$2,124	\$2,124	\$2,124	\$2,124	\$2,124	\$2,124	\$2,124	\$2,124	\$2,124	\$21,239
	PM2.5	\$14,118	\$14,118	\$14,118	\$14,118	\$14,118	\$14,118	\$14,118	\$14,118	\$14,118	\$14,118	\$14,118	\$141,176
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$1,021	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,021
	PM10	\$2,043	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,043
	PM2.5	\$13,714	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$13,714
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	Coal saved for sale	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$1,068,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings		\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$106,800	\$1,068,000
Net costs		\$373,200	\$373,200	\$373,200	\$373,200	\$373,200	\$373,200	\$373,200	\$373,200	\$373,200	\$373,200	\$373,200	\$3,732,000
Estimate net cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$826	\$826	\$826	\$826	\$826	\$826	\$826	\$826	\$826	\$826	\$826	\$8,257
	PM10	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$16,513
	PM2.5	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$109,765
Estimate net cost per tonne per ha of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	-\$105,974	-\$105,974	-\$105,974	-\$105,974	-\$105,974	-\$105,974	-\$105,974	-\$105,974	-\$105,974	-\$105,974	-\$105,974	-\$1,059,743
	PM10	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$1,651	\$16,513
	PM2.5	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$10,976	\$109,765

MINING ACTIVITY:		Wind erosion of coal stockpiles										
Specific best practice measure	Water sprays on stockpile 5											
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	922										
	PM10	461										
	PM2.5	69										
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	893										
	PM10	447										
	PM2.5	67										
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	29										
	PM10	14										
	PM2.5	2										
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Cost specific capital items (list each item)	No5 Stockpile Sprays	\$240,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$240,000
	booster pump	\$25,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$25,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total capital costs		\$265,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$265,000
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)	Installation	\$25,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$25,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)	Maintenance	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$45,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs		\$30,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$75,000
Total costs		\$295,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$340,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$10,172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$11,724
	PM10	\$21,071	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$24,286
	PM2.5	\$147,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$170,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$330	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$330
	PM10	\$660	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$660
	PM2.5	\$4,403	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,403
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	Coal saved for sale											\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net costs		\$295,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$340,000
Estimate net cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$10,172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$11,724
	PM10	\$21,071	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$24,286
	PM2.5	\$147,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$170,000
Estimate net cost per tonne per ha of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$10,172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$172	\$11,724
	PM10	\$21,071	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$357	\$24,286
	PM2.5	\$147,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$170,000

MINING ACTIVITY: Wind erosion of coal stockpiles													
Specific best practice measure	Vegetative Windbreaks (all stockpiles)												
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	922											
	PM10	461											
	PM2.5	69											
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	651											
	PM10	325											
	PM2.5	49											
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	271											
	PM10	136											
	PM2.5	20											
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total	
Cost specific capital items (list each item)	Tree planting	\$125,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$125,000
	Earth works	\$75,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$75,000
	Top soil	\$400,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$400,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total capital costs		\$600,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$600,000
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)	Watering/maintenance	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$150,000
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs		\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$150,000
Total costs		\$615,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$750,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$2,269	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$2,768
	PM10	\$4,522	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$5,515
	PM2.5	\$30,750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$37,500
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$945	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$945
	PM10	\$1,892	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,892
	PM2.5	\$12,551	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$12,551
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	Coal saved for sale	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net costs		\$615,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$750,000
Estimate net cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$2,269	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$2,768
	PM10	\$4,522	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$5,515
	PM2.5	\$30,750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$37,500
Estimate net cost per tonne per ha of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$2,269	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$2,768
	PM10	\$4,522	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$110	\$5,515
	PM2.5	\$30,750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$37,500

MINING ACTIVITY:		Loading and dumping ROM coal										
Specific best practice measure	Water sprays on ROM Road hopper											
Current Controlled Emissions (tonnes/year)	TSP	220										
	PM10	30										
	PM2.5	4										
Mass emissions through application of best practice (tonnes/year)	TSP	110										
	PM10	15										
	PM2.5	2										
Total emission reduction from use of best practice measure (tonnes/year)	TSP	110										
	PM10	15										
	PM2.5	2										
Year		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Cost specific capital items (list each item)	Excavation	\$10,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	Water lines	\$15,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,000
	Control panel	\$30,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$30,000
	Electrical supply	\$20,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,000
			\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total capital costs		\$65,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$65,000
Labour costs including directly related on-costs (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cost of specific materials and other items (list each item)		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total material and other costs		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total costs		\$65,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$65,000
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$591	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$591
	PM10	\$4,333	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,333
	PM2.5	\$32,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$32,500
Estimate additional cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed from TSP, PM10 and PM2.5*	TSP	\$591	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$591
	PM10	\$4,333	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,333
	PM2.5	\$32,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$32,500
Cost saving from implementing each best practice measure (list each item)	No cost saving.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total savings		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Net costs		\$65,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$65,000
Estimate net cost per tonne of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$591	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$591
	PM10	\$4,333	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,333
	PM2.5	\$32,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$32,500
Estimate net cost per tonne per ha of particulate matter suppressed for TSP, PM10 and PM2.5 *	TSP	\$591	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$591
	PM10	\$4,333	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,333
	PM2.5	\$32,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$32,500

Appendix F: Predictive wind forecasting tool

Time	Maximum Wind Gust (km/hr)	Frequency of 40km/h> wind gusts	Dust Forecast Ranking
0900 – 1200	10-15km/h	N/A	Negligible
1200 – 1500	30-40km/h	Low	Low
1500 – 1800	50-60km/h	Moderate	Moderate
1800 – 2100	70-80km/h	High	High
2100 – 0000	50-60km/h	Very high	High
0000 – 0300	35-45km/h	Low	Moderate
0300 – 0600	30-35km/h	Low	Low
0600 - 0900	15-20km/h	N/A	Negligible

	Actions required	
Dust Forecast Ranking	West Cliff	Appin
Low	Normal water cart operations + monitor for additional water cart requirements	Normal Stockpile Spray operation - Automated spray based on wind speed thresholds.
Moderate	Normal water cart operations + Additional watercart operating during predicted high wind period	Normal Stockpile Spray operation - Automated spray based on wind speed thresholds.+ Pre watering (manual activation) before wind hits
High	Normal water cart operations + Additional watercart operating during predicted high wind period +	Normal Stockpile Spray operation - Automated spray based on wind speed thresholds.+ Pre watering (manual activation) before wind hits + no manual loading of stockpile

Dust Forecast Ranking		Frequency/intensity				
		Low		Medium	High	Very high
		Rank	1	2	3	4
		Max wind gusts (km/hr)	0-40	0	Low	Low
40-55	1		Low	Low	Moderate	Moderate
55-70	2		Moderate	Moderate	High	High
70+	3		Moderate	High	High	High